

WEATHER FORECASTS

Victoria and vicinity—Fresh to strong westerly winds, generally fair, not much change in temperature.
Lower Mainland—Southerly and westerly winds, generally fair, not much change in temperature.

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SIXTEEN PAGES

LINE IS DRIVEN FAR EASTWARD

BRITISH TROOPS SMASH DEFENCE OF ENEMY ALONG WHOLE FRONT FROM SAMBRE CANAL TO SCHELDT

Desperate Resistance of Germans Is Overcome and Progress Is Steadily Maintained by Assaults—Large Number of Villages and Fortified Woods Are Captured.

PRISONERS 7,000 GUNS EXCEED 100

Other Casualties Reported to Be Severe—Line Now Reached Lies Well East of Meridian of Valenciennes—Heavy Fighting Necessary to Capture Several Points.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—British troops have overcome the enemy along the whole front between the Sambre Canal and the Scheldt and their advance is being continued, Field Marshal Haig reports from headquarters tonight.

Since yesterday morning the British have taken 7,000 prisoners and more than 100 guns.

The text of the statement reads:

"This morning our battlefront was extended northward as far as the Scheldt and Thiant. On the whole battlefront between the Sambre canal and the Scheldt the enemy resistance was overcome and our advance continued. There was hard fighting at a number of points.

"On the right the sixth division fought its way to the edge of the Bois Leveque and captured Ors. North of this point we are approaching the Western outskirts of the Mormal forest and have captured Robersart.

"On the right centre of our attack we have continued our advance to the neighborhood of Le Quesnoy. In the latter village the enemy is maintaining obstinate resistance.

"On the left of our attack Anglo-Scottish troops forced crossings of the Ecaillon, between Verchain and Thiant and gained the high ground to the east.

"We have taken the villages of Poix du Nord and Les Tuileries and progressed beyond them toward Le Fontaine. The village of Ghissignies was taken after a sharp struggle, the enemy defending with determination the crossings of the Ecaillon in that vicinity.

"Northwest of Chieslegues we have secured the river crossings at Beaudignies, which is in our hands. Here vigorous resistance was overcome by the New Zealanders, who in this locality captured a number of better quality guns of heavy calibre. On the left of our centre the English captured Ruennes and are a short distance from the Le Quesnoy-Valenciennes railway, north of the village. There is heavy fighting on the high ground near Bernierin-ecillon, which we hold, and in the neighborhood of Vendegies-sur-Ecaillon.

"Verchain and Monchaux were captured by the Fourth Division after hard fighting. On their left, after clearing the enemy from the east bank of the river, we advanced to the western outskirts of Maing in the face of heavy machine gun fire. In this sector the hostile resistance was particularly stubborn.

Prisoners and Guns

"Severe casualties were inflicted on the enemy in the course of the operations. Since yesterday morning we have captured more than seven thousand prisoners and more than 100 guns.

"We have reached the general line of the Sambre-Oise Canal, due east of Le Cateau, west of the edge of the Forest de Mormal, the neighborhood of Le Quesnoy, Vendegies-sur-Ecaillon and the Scheldt Canal at Maing.

"In local fighting on the Valenciennes-Tournai sector we have made progress and taken prisoners. The early statement reads:

"Sharp fighting continued yesterday afternoon and evening on the battlefront south of Valenciennes. Our troops drove the enemy from Vendegies wood and captured the villages of Neuville, Salesches and Heudicourt, securing the crossing of the Ecaillon River at the latter point. At the close of the day the enemy counter-attacked vigorously opposite Vendegies, supporting his infantry strongly with artillery fire and was repulsed.

"This morning the attack was resumed on the whole front between the Sambre-Oise Canal and the Scheldt."

Establishment Released
AMSTERDAM, Oct. 24.—Friedrich Ebert, Socialist leader in the German reichstag, informed the reichstag today that Dr. Karl Liebknecht, former Socialist member of the reichstag, had been released from prison, where he was serving a sentence for attempted treason.

Grippe Troubles France
PARIS, Oct. 24.—Because 20 per cent of the engineers and firemen are suffering from the grippe in addition to other difficulties of operation, the chief railroads of France have been authorized to suspend day express trains for ten days. The suspension will become effective Friday.

REPORT ABOUT LORD KITCHENER

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Information which made it possible for German submarines to sink the vessel on which Lord Kitchener was lost was furnished the German Government by the former Russian Czarina, according to an assertion made here tonight by Henry W. Mapp, Salvation Army commander, who has just returned from Russia.

Mr. Mapp declared he learned in Russia that the Czarina maintained a private wire in her apartments at the Winter Palace in Petrograd, over which she transmitted to the German Government all information in regard to the military plans of the Allies, which was received by Russia as an ally.

READY TO GATHER SILVER SHRAPNEL

Victory Loan Salesmen Are Ready for Word "Go!"—Teams Appointed—Terms of Loan Explained.

Today—three days before the actual commencement of the Victory Loan campaign here—finds the local organization primed and ready for gathering the silver shrapnel that is to reinforce Victoria's soldiers in Europe.

Mr. Kenneth Ferguson, chairman of the Sales Committee, met yesterday afternoon with his lieutenants who are to canvass Victoria and the surrounding district. There was general discussion of campaign plans, and the salesmen signed their contracts and selected the areas which the various teams are to cover.

The meeting endorsed with cheers the acceptance of Vancouver's challenge to a subscription contest, the terms of which are that Victoria must raise one-half of what Vancouver gets. The loser must furnish the winner with a Union Jack. The reception which greeted the challenge left no doubt in the minds of the headquarters officials that Victoria will "bring home the bacon."

Ready to Comb City

Full information with regard to the terms of the issue was supplied the salesmen, and instructions were also given them respecting the manner of filing applications. Monday morning at 9 o'clock, just before the salesmen start out to secure the pledges and collect the money, they will be furnished with authorization cards and canvassers' buttons.

Mr. R. F. Taylor, chairman of the Victoria central committee, announced that arrangements had been completed whereby the Canadian chartered banks in this city, in order to help the campaign, will

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Czecho-Slovak Force Makes Bold Charge

Celebrates Birth of Government by Defeating Teuton Enemies on French Territory—Brilliant Dash Across Marsh to Terrors in Face of Severe Machine Gun Fire.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Oct. 24.—October 21, the newest of national fete days, will in years to come be celebrated, not only in Central Europe as the anniversary of the birth in exile of the Czecho-Slovak Government, but also at Tournai-sur-Aisne, in France, as the date of the first victory of the Czecho-Slovak army in the West.

Units of this latest arrival among the belligerents fighting with General Gouraud in the region of Vouziers received news of the constitution of the Czecho-Slovak Government at noon October 21. Immediately afterward they went forward to assault one of the most difficult positions along the Aisne, and took the village of Terrors at the point of the bayonet.

These troops had been in line for six days in a particularly trying sector, thrashed by continual rains, wading in mud and wading through the flooded region along the river. In front of them the Germans were strongly entrenched and fortified in the village of Terrors, with their usual heavy armament of machine guns. A wild burst of enthusiasm greeted the announcement by the colonel commanding of the formation of the Czecho-Slovak Government, after

which the men listened in impressive silence to the colonel's exhortations. "Your colonel counts upon every man to do his utmost to salute the constitution of the Government by a victory," he said. "The Czech nation has its eyes upon you. Be of stout heart, and forward march!"

Fifteen minutes only of artillery preparation preceded the rush through mud and water to the German lines. Led by Major Nusak, commanding the battalion in the first line the men left their trenches at 3 o'clock to cross the marshy zone swept by the fire from nests of machine guns, the emplacements of which could only be guessed.

The line became thinner and thinner as it went on, but the survivors, inspired by the example of Captains Siblik and Vlamak and Lieutenants Pliva and Zafica, continued on to the first houses in the village without faltering. An hour later the entire position was in their hands. The village had been conquered in a fierce house-to-house, hand-to-hand fight, in the course of which the German gunners, who stuck desperately to their posts, were bayoneted on their guns. The survivors of the garrison were in small proportion to the dead that lie on the ground.

FEAR TO SIGN DEATH NOTICES

Germans in Belgium Attach No Signatures to Posters Announcing Sentence of Murder on Civilians.

CAPT. FRYAT KILLED IN GREAT HASTE

Unmerciful Exactions From People of Bruges—Scenes of Devastation in Zeebrugge and Its Vicinity.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN BELGIUM, Oct. 24.—An inspection of numerous German posters in Belgium discloses that wherever the death penalty for offenses by civilians was exacted, no signature was attached. It is, therefore, concluded that no German commander was willing to take an individual responsibility for such orders, possibly fearing consequences in the future.

This was especially the case in Bruges. In addition to the visible evidence it was testified to by M. Echevin, one of the aldermen who attended the execution of Capt. Fryat, the master of the British steamer Brussels, as the representative of the city. The alderman said Captain Fryat bravely looked straight at his firing squad. An hour after his execution an order that he be shot not arrived from Germany. The alderman said that between 15,000 and 20,000 marks monthly were collected from citizens of Bruges as fines.

The people of Bruges are especially bitter against some people in Holland, who, they say, held up some letters smuggled across the border and made known the contents to the Germans, who punished the writers.

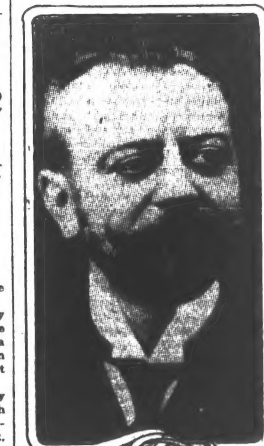
The Germans removed all the brass from the city, even the hat racks from the famous Cafe Millescoles. Prince Adalbert, a son of Emperor William, recently died here. Adalbert, finding the place crowded with German officers at one time, is reported to have said to his companions in English:

"Let's go to some other place; this is crowded with boches." The German officers had gay parties in Bruges and at other places in Belgium having as their guests hundreds of German girl typists and clerks who had come to Belgium to take the places of men combat out for the army.

The famous Zeebrugge lighthouse had been completely demolished. Concrete forts, with walls ten feet thick, were scattered all over the place. Back of the town there are many lines of trenches. It is apparent that the Germans believed it possible that they would be called upon to give battle to Allied troops which would be landed on the coast.

The attack at Zeebrugge is one of desolation. The whole country side was covered with searchlights which had been smashed by British airmen. At the canal two British destroyers completely blocked the entrance, while a great hole in the mole showed where a British submarine was blown up during the raid last May.

BURGOMASTER MAX HAS BEEN RELEASED



M. ADOLPHE MAX—The courageous burgomaster of Brussels.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 24.—The Vaterland, in its issue of today, says it is reported that the political prisoners held by the Germans at Turnhout, Belgium, northeast of Antwerp, including Burgomaster Adolphe Max, of Brussels, have been released.

BRITISH RAID AUSTRIAN POST

LONDON, Oct. 24.—A British official statement issued tonight dealing with operations on the Italian front says: "Troops from Gloucester carried out a raid south of Asiago. They took 225 prisoners. It is believed our casualties did not exceed one man killed and nine wounded."

CHURCHES ARE ASKED TO AID VICTORY LOAN

TORONTO, Oct. 24.—For three Sundays the churches of Canada are being asked by the Minister of Finance to call special attention in their service to the Victory Loan. In addition to making a special reference to the campaign on Sunday, October 27, the Minister appeals to the clergy to make Sunday, November 3, recognized Victory Loan Sunday throughout Canada, with a service specially devoted to the need, and on the following Sunday, November 10, the last of the campaign, to invite laymen prominently identified with the canvass to deliver a short address in every pulpit which can be made available.

INFLECT DEFEAT ON BOLSHIEVIKI

Allied Forces Drive Enemy Back on Dvina River—Expedition Advances Far in Vologda Government.

ARCHANGEL, Oct. 24.—American and British forces yesterday repulsed heavy attacks by the Bolsheviki infantry against advanced Allied positions on the Dvina front.

Bolsheviki gunboats heavily shelled the Americans and British for six hours.

In counter-attacks the Anglo-American troops captured two machine guns, inflicted heavy losses on the enemy and captured prisoners. They made a slight advance also.

ARCHANGEL, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—The Russo-Allied expedition which sailed for the shores of the Arctic and thence up the Mezen and Vashka rivers, reached the district of Ugor, in the Province of Vologda. They were joined by forces of the Zyryan tribes inhabiting the Ural region and drove out the Bolsheviki in this section. This was the first victory for the Allied forces in Vologda.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—Dr. W. C. Swanton, a prominent surgeon of this city, succumbed today to influenza contracted while waiting on patients. He was born in Exeter, Ont., and was a graduate of the University of Toronto of the class of 1911. He was 31 years of age.

Americans Advance In Local Operation

Take Further Ground West of Meuse River and Engage in Many Heavy Artillery Duels With Enemy—Hold Positions Near Grand Pre in Face of Heavy Assaults.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 24.—In a local attack east of the Meuse the Americans today advanced about one kilometre on a three kilometre front, and the Bois Ruitry, the Bois de Houppay and the Bois de Belleval within the American lines, as also is a part of the Bois de Waville and Ployon de Traye.

The advance was made after brief artillery preparation. The enemy's response was principally with machine guns, but during the fighting he shelled the back areas and threw a few six-inchers into Verdun. The artillery on both sides was active over the entire American front today. The Germans were unusually nervous owing to the activity of the Americans on both sides of the Meuse.

Early this morning the American artillery laid down a barrage north of Bantheville, where the infantry occupied Grande Carre farm and the ridge north of Bantheville, straddling the Freya line.

Twenty-seven prisoners were taken when the Americans occupied Hill 271, and east of the Meuse, fourteen Germans surrendered and a number of others were captured in the woods. Twelve prisoners were taken in the Grande Carre farm and 23 south-east of Aincreville.

FRENCH MAKE WAY OVER OISE CANAL

Troops Cross at Two Points and Hold Their Ground on East Side Despite Strong Counter-Attacks—Make Substantial Gains Between Oise and Serre Rivers.

HUNDREDS OF PRISONERS ARE TAKEN IN ATTACK

Advances Made Further East and at Belgian Points—Artillery Activity on Vouziers Plateau—French Aerial Forces Make Extensive Raids—Down Enemy Machines.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—French troops have crossed the Oise Canal opposite Longchamps, according to the War Office announcement tonight. They have also made an important advance between the Oise and the Serre River.

The statement says:

"On the Oise our forces, after crossing the canal near Longchamps, have made progress on the east bank, taking about thirty prisoners.

"Between the Oise and the Serre we delivered an attack in the afternoon. Despite the resistance of the Germans our troops made an important advance south of Origny-Sainte Benoit and north of Villers-le-Sec.

"On our right we have reached the road between La Ferte-Chevresis and Ferrieres farm. Several hundred prisoners are reported. There was considerable artillery activity on the plateau east of Vouziers."

"Aviation: On Oct. 23 observation planes in the course of numerous reconnaissance, proceeded more than seventy kilometres (about 43 1/2 miles) inside the enemy lines. They brought back several hundred photographs. Two captive balloons were burned and twelve enemy machines were brought down or put out of action. The greater part of these successes were obtained in the region of the Aisne, where the vigilance of our pursuit machines was particularly exercised.

"During the night our bombing machines dropped 14,500 kilos of projectiles on the railway stations at Mont Cornet, Marle, Vermeil and Masigny, with special attention to the Provins, on which more than seven tons of explosives were dropped, causing several fires."

Another Crossing of Canal

The afternoon statement reads: "On the Oise front we have crossed the canal east of Grand Verly. In spite of strong counter-attacks by enemy detachments we maintained our positions on the east bank."

"Between the Oise and the Serre there was also lively fighting near the railroad north of Mesbrecourt. We took prisoners. North of Nizy-le-Comte, the French during the night increased considerably their previous gains."

HAVRE, Oct. 24.—The official

communication from Belgium headquarters tonight says: "There was no event of importance to report on the operations of the armies in Flanders, except that the French troops increased their advance east of the Lys and reached the Deynse-Courtail road between Peteghem and Omsene, an progressed north of Vichte."

PLACES QUESTION WITH MILITARY

View of French Commentators on President's Reply—Main Point Is Security Against Future Aggression.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—The official comment to the Associated Press on President Wilson's reply to Germany can be summarized as follows:

"President Wilson's latest answer resolves the whole thing into a military question, which can be decided by Foch, Haig and Pershing."

"The situation, however, is virtually unchanged, though the exchange of notes has given an insight into affairs in Germany and has perhaps hastened her internal reforms. The next answer will have to be a military answer from her military authorities."

"The French people feel that the question of the internal government of Germany is not so important as an assurance against a recurrence of Germany's militaristic policies, which precipitated the war."

"We do not know how sincere Germany is about her reforms. We have reason to doubt the sincerity of her aims in this direction. The great thing for us to make sure that things shall not again be in the same position as before the war."

"An armistice is almost impossible, as the conditions would be so unimaginably drastic. An armistice would be full of danger if not guarded by all sorts of conditions."

"The feeling prevails in general among French officials that the latest note from the President of the United States is just what the Allies have been wanting to force upon the enemy."

RED TERROR SPREADS INTO LITHUANIA

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 24.—On the heels of the German evacuation of the Lithuanian district east of Brest-Litovsk demarcation line, detachments of the Red Army of the Russian Bolsheviki follow on to the defenseless inhabitants.

Two delegates from the Lithuanian people are now in Copenhagen appealing to the American, British and French missions here for help. Describing the situation to the correspondent today, one of the delegates said the Germans had decided to evacuate all the territory named in the Brest-Litovsk treaty, including the districts of Darna and Minsk and a portion of Mohilev. The inhabitants of these districts, he said, were unarmed and unorganized, and had no means for preventing murder or pillage. The people asked that the evacuated territory be occupied by American, French or British troops.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—President Wilson's reply to Germany was sent broadcast to the world from the Arlington naval radio tower last night after the official text had been put on the cables. It was picked up directly by the great German station at Nauern. It undoubtedly was relayed from other points in Europe to come to reach Berlin this morning.

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Men's \$7.00 Tan Neolin Sole Shoes, in all sizes, for only \$4.85	Men's Gunmetal Calk Button Shoes, in all sizes, for only \$7.85

And hundreds of other bargains like these. Come in! Let us show you how to cut your Shoe expenses in two.

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1115 Government Street

KAISER CONFERS WITH MINISTERS

Talks to Each Separately and Then Jointly—German Papers Sharply Criticize Chancellor's Speech in Reichstag.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—Emperor William conferred on Monday with all the members of the government, talking at length with each individual, and then arranged them in a body, says a dispatch from Zurich to the Journal. Thus far the German newspapers have printed nothing concerning the Emperor's speech.

The war cabinet held another long meeting on Tuesday. The address of the Chancellor to the Reichstag is criticized sharply by a majority of the newspapers. The extracts from the speech circulated by the Wolff Bureau, the semi-official news agency, are to some extent garbled, while other passages are literally translated, so that Prince Maximilian said that they appear to have been invented.

The Socialist newspapers, the dispatch adds, are particularly outspoken. The Frankfurter Tages Post of Nuremberg, Bavaria, says the Emperor must not think the German people are going to continue the war for months to please him.

"If the Emperor must go," it adds, "let him go at once."

The correspondent reports that the Chancellor and the Pan-Germans are working actively toward the formation of a national defence government. He says a proclamation to the people exhorting them to carry on war to the utmost has been drafted with the help of General Ludendorff and that he understands it will be published as soon as President Wilson's reply has been received. It is expected in Berlin, the correspondent adds, that the President will not allow himself to be flouted and ridiculed by the existing German government.

READY TO GATHER SILVER SHRAPNEL

Continued from Page 1

to encourage investors to participate, will grant reasonable credits to subscribers to the forthcoming loan, who have a probable certainty of repaying the advances within one year. The banks will advance up to 50 per cent. of the subscription, the rate of interest being the same that earned by the bonds, namely, 5 1/2 per cent. per annum. Reduction payments may be made monthly or quarterly. The banks will also accept from small investors, for safe keeping without charge, the Interim securities, and later the bonds themselves to a reasonable amount. These arrangements have been made with a view to giving the greatest possible encouragement and assistance to small subscribers.

PERSONNEL OF TEAMS

The personnel of the fifteen teams, as approved yesterday afternoon, follows:

J. Hudson, captain; C. Lovell, F. G. Purser, S. G. Ryden, Sergt. L. Clark, A. Ferguson.

T. E. Marriner, captain; D. W. Bates, A. E. Mitchell, Sergt. Lawrence, W. O'Neil, Lee and Fraser.

F. M. Kilner, captain; Corpl. Nelson, E. Brammer, Ald. Sargent, Geo. Brown, L. U. Conyers.

J. C. Wilson, captain; E. W. Protheroe, W. C. Bond, E. P. Johnston, C. R. Bishop, J. M. Newcomb.

F. Lewis, captain; T. Mills, Pte. C. Devlin, A. E. Allen, R. B. Punnett.

W. Murphy, captain; John Hartley, Pte. A. Ald, A. M. Greck, Pemberton & Son, Charles Leach.

J. B. Warnicker, captain; Albin Johns, Pte. H. Drummond, W. N. Mitchell, Fred Dodsworth, Gillespie, Hart and Todd.

Ald. Alex. Peden, captain; J. Moss, Pte. J. F. Walter, James Parfitt, Day & Rogers, W. P. Pellar.

A. McKeechie, captain; Pte. T. McLean, R. J. Robertson, J. Hanby, C. O. Bengfield, H. T. Knott.

R. H. Shanks, captain; Pte. G. Neary, F. T. Graham, Helsterman & Forman, George Leach, R. A. Power, P. E. Norman.

H. Briggs, captain; Pte. Gleason, E. J. Clayton, J. E. Andrews, Fred White.

John Mowat, captain; R. N. Ferguson, A. Aitken, J. S. Murray, Sgt. McIntosh.

Headquarters committee is composed of Messrs. Kenneth Ferguson, I. Leeming, Fred M. McGregor, Pte. J. Travis and Pte. H. Carne. Mr. H.

A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Miss Kelly Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Newark, N. J.—"For about three years I suffered from nervous breakdown and got so weak I could hardly stand, and had headaches every day. I tried everything I could think of and was under a physician's care for two years. A girl friend had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and she told me about it. I took it for the first time and I began to feel better and now I am well and able to do most any kind of work. I have been recommending the Compound ever since and give you my permission to publish this letter."—Miss FLO KELLY, 476 So. 14th St., Newark, N. J.

The reason this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, was so successful in Miss Kelly's case was because it went to the root of her trouble, restored her normal healthy condition and as a result her nervousness disappeared.

SHIPYARD COMPANY
DECEASED BY MEN

TACOMA, Oct. 23.—Operation of a gang of men in the shipyard here was revealed Wednesday, when Leo Culbertson was found guilty of conspiring to defraud the Shipyard Company and was sentenced to 30 days in jail. Culbertson and Henry Pine are said to have confessed to the prosecuting attorney that they "beat the gate" and that other men in the yards were doing the same thing.

The plan was to check in for work in the morning, turn their time checks over to other workers and leave the yard. In the evening the checks were turned in by their friends or pals.

Investigation is being made to determine whether any of the yard officials have been sharing in the graft.

Fighting Does Not Stop on Sundays
REGINA, Oct. 24.—Ministers of Regina, by resolution, have protested against a meeting of the local Victory Loan executive and captains of canvassers being called for Sunday afternoon, when final instructions will be given. The chairman of the Regina sub-division when informed asked if the ministers had passed a resolution to stop Sunday fighting in France. The meeting will be held as arranged.

PRESIDENT'S NOTE PLEASES BRITISH

Its Language Described as Strongest Known in Similar Papers—Brings Situation Into Different Phase.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The popular comment on the President's note here is that it contains the strongest language ever addressed by the head of one great nation to another in modern times. The note is welcomed first because it brings matters to a new state; further proceedings, if there are to be further proceedings, will be in the hands of all the governments interested. Hitherto, so far as the public knows, the nations associated with the United States, and which have more at stake perhaps than has the United States, have been onlookers to the correspondence.

The note is welcomed, secondly, because it promises to bring the season of discussion to an end altogether, one way or the other. No one sees how the German Chancellor, Prince Maximilian, can fall either to accept President Wilson's platform or reject it. Acceptance would mean that Germany, as the Germans regard their position as hopeless and that disaster is imminent.

The general opinion is that Germany's military position is not so bad but that her leaders will fight on, if with the hope of creating divisions among the Allies, as has been Germany's reliance of late.

"Watch Germany's Allies if she decides to go on with the war" is the suggestion among diplomats here.

Austria shows no intention of remaining the tail to the German kite. The Austrian Premier said yesterday that the separate peace negotiation begun with President Wilson would be continued.

Germany's course, therefore, need have no effect upon Austria, and it will be no surprise to Britain if Austria and Turkey both plough their own furrows if Germany persists in the war.

One report current today was that the associated nations would immediately form a joint diplomatic staff, and that Colonel House would represent the United States. A majority of the newspapers have urged the Government to announce its peace terms in common with the other Allied Powers, and considers such an announcement overdue.

The text of President Wilson's reply to Germany, which reached London in the early morning hours this morning, is given great prominence in the evening newspapers, which quote with satisfaction his decision to refer the question of an armistice to the Allies, and his insistence that the only armistice must be one which make a renewal of hostilities on the part of Germany impossible.

The Globe, which would have preferred if the President had declined to make any reply at all, however, that his note "is quite uncompromising and altogether admirable."

The Westminster Gazette says: "Whether the German Government accepts this proposition for an armistice will depend on an estimate of its military and internal situation and upon nothing else. All democratic nations will be grateful to the President for having forcibly projected the issue between free peoples and military despotism into the foreground at this stage of the war. But let it be said again that the choice rests with the German people. It is for them and not for us to say how they shall be ruled. All that we can say is that according as they choose we must make our reply."

The President's last word. We can negotiate with a free people, but we must demand surrender for a military autocracy."

MAJOR WILLIAM THAW WINS MORE HONORS

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Major Wm. Thaw, dean of American aviators, and holder of the French Croix de Guerre with five palms, has been awarded the American Distinguished Service Cross, with two citations, by General Pershing. It was announced here tonight by the Aero Club of America.

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TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND CASES
The newspapers last week reported over two hundred thousand cases of Spanish influenza in the Argentine, South America, and not a single death.

Cinchona Tree Bark, a powerful tonic from which quinine is extracted, macerated in wine, is their Great Remedy for Influenza.

If the people only knew that the principal ingredient in Kennedy's Tonic Port was this same Cinchona Tree Bark macerated in pure wine, thereby assimilating all the various quinine alkaloids, there would be very little if any of the Spanish influenza in Canada today, as the quinine alkaloids in Kennedy's Tonic Port are three to five times more effective than ordinary capsule quinine.

Kennedy's Tonic Port dispels the apprehensions of suffocation; subdues inflammation of the air passages; builds up the body and tones up the nervous system. Druggists sell it.

PRESIDENT'S NOTE PLEASES BRITISH

Its Language Described as Strongest Known in Similar Papers—Brings Situation Into Different Phase.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The popular comment on the President's note here is that it contains the strongest language ever addressed by the head of one great nation to another in modern times. The note is welcomed first because it brings matters to a new state; further proceedings, if there are to be further proceedings, will be in the hands of all the governments interested. Hitherto, so far as the public knows, the nations associated with the United States, and which have more at stake perhaps than has the United States, have been onlookers to the correspondence.

The note is welcomed, secondly, because it promises to bring the season of discussion to an end altogether, one way or the other. No one sees how the German Chancellor, Prince Maximilian, can fall either to accept President Wilson's platform or reject it. Acceptance would mean that Germany, as the Germans regard their position as hopeless and that disaster is imminent.

The general opinion is that Germany's military position is not so bad but that her leaders will fight on, if with the hope of creating divisions among the Allies, as has been Germany's reliance of late.

"Watch Germany's Allies if she decides to go on with the war" is the suggestion among diplomats here.

Austria shows no intention of remaining the tail to the German kite. The Austrian Premier said yesterday that the separate peace negotiation begun with President Wilson would be continued.

Germany's course, therefore, need have no effect upon Austria, and it will be no surprise to Britain if Austria and Turkey both plough their own furrows if Germany persists in the war.

One report current today was that the associated nations would immediately form a joint diplomatic staff, and that Colonel House would represent the United States. A majority of the newspapers have urged the Government to announce its peace terms in common with the other Allied Powers, and considers such an announcement overdue.

The text of President Wilson's reply to Germany, which reached London in the early morning hours this morning, is given great prominence in the evening newspapers, which quote with satisfaction his decision to refer the question of an armistice to the Allies, and his insistence that the only armistice must be one which make a renewal of hostilities on the part of Germany impossible.

The Globe, which would have preferred if the President had declined to make any reply at all, however, that his note "is quite uncompromising and altogether admirable."

The Westminster Gazette says: "Whether the German Government accepts this proposition for an armistice will depend on an estimate of its military and internal situation and upon nothing else. All democratic nations will be grateful to the President for having forcibly projected the issue between free peoples and military despotism into the foreground at this stage of the war. But let it be said again that the choice rests with the German people. It is for them and not for us to say how they shall be ruled. All that we can say is that according as they choose we must make our reply."

The President's last word. We can negotiate with a free people, but we must demand surrender for a military autocracy."

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A Few Gift Hints for Your Relative or Friend "Over There"

The only kind of gift you can buy here is a useful gift, and, after all, that is the gift that means comfort, service and thoughtfulness.

We Suggest—

Heavy Khaki Wool Mitts—Per pair\$1.00
Wool Khaki Knitted Gloves—Per pair, \$1.00 and 75c
Knitted Wristlets—In pure wool, \$1.25, \$1.00, 90c
All-Wool Sleeveless Vests—Pull-over or button V neck styles. \$6.00 and\$4.50
Khaki Leather Money Belts—Each\$1.50
Heavy Jaeger Wool Mufflers—Each\$2.25
Balclava Caps—Made in a fine Jaeger wool. Price, each\$2.00

Note: We have scores of other useful gift things for soldiers and sailors.

W. & J. WILSON

THE MEN'S CLOTHING CENTRE
1217-1219-1221 Government Street and Trowace Avenue

"Appetizing cereal dishes take the place of meat. Why not use them oftener?"—Canada Food Board.

An Easy Fitting Button Boot

—For Women

Made on an EE Last. Sizes 2 1/2 to 8

Black Vici Kid
Welted Soles
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Patent Tips.

Wm. Cathcart Co., Ltd.

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We've added 3 New Machines to this department. Phone in your order.

Carter Electric Company
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Our aim is to furnish homes neatly, artistically and economically. We want you to inspect our stock of Home Furniture. You will be pleased with the reasonable prices and surprised at the large and varied stock we carry.

Be sure to see us before deciding on your furniture purchases. Country orders packed and shipped free.

We Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent Off Regular Prices for Spot Cash

DINING CHAIRS—Set of one arm and five side chairs, solid quarter-cut golden oak, art leather pad seats; strongly made. Cash price is.....\$26.10

Many Other Designs in Stock at Low Prices

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TO ASSURE A LASTING PEACE

In your home or at your table—
Buy Your Meats At The New England Market
"The Store of Quality."

Shoulders Spring	32c	Minced Meat	25c
Lamb	28c	Mutton	25c
New Zealand	28c	Stew	25c
Shoulder Lamb	28c	Boneless	28c
Prime Ribs	32c	Stew	28c
Beef	25c	Mutton	35c
Choice Corned	25c	Chops	35c
Beef	24c	Choice Sausages	25c
Beef Pot	24c		
Roasts	24c		

FISH DEPARTMENT			
Spring	20c	Cod (Sliced)	12c
Salt	20c	Whole Fish	9c

New England Market

Canada Food Board License 5-2956
TWO STORES
1220 Government Street, Phone 2348-2349
1308 Gladstone Street Phone 2400

A Fairfield Bungalow for Sale

No. 623 Harbinger Avenue—1½-story containing drawing-room with open fireplace, dining-room, kitchen and pantry, and three bedrooms and bathroom; basement with part of floor cemented; hot air furnace; lot 50 x 148 ft. A comfortable home in a desirable residential district.

EXCLUSIVE LISTING PRICE - \$4,000

Terms to be arranged.

APPLY

Phone 1076 **P. R. BROWN** 1112 Broad St.

VICTORIA SNAPS

BEAUMONT AVENUE—4-roomed bungalow, well finished, with paneled walls, bright airy rooms, and on a good lot. Price, on easy terms, \$5,100.
JOHNSON STREET—Near Dallas Road, 4-roomed bungalow, modern, with full basement and good lot. Price, on easy terms, \$5,500.
CLOVER STREET—Near Dallas Road, 5-roomed bungalow, with paneled walls, best ceilings, all conveniences. Built-in kitchen, good basement with wood floor. Price, on terms, \$5,500.
BOUNDARY ROAD—5-roomed modern and tasty bungalow, with all built-in conveniences, paneled walls, beamed ceiling, full basement, white enamel Dutch kitchen, and good lot. Advertised formerly at \$5,000 in error. Price, on terms, \$5,500.
PANORAMA AVENUE—7-roomed up-to-date home, within walking distance to town and one block to car, well planned and nicely finished throughout. Full basement, and on a good lot. Price, on terms, \$5,500.

BURDICK BROTHERS & BRETT, LTD.
623 Fort Street Phone 132-133

Hampshire Road, Oak Bay

Modern Eight-Room Dwelling; lot 100 x 120, nice lawn, shrubbery, etc. An attractive home, \$7,500. Ask to see this.

Helsterman, Forman & Co.
608 View Street. Phone 55

FAIRFIELD ESTATE

8-roomed fully modern dwelling on Southgate St.; hardwood floors throughout, full size basement, furnace, Ruud heater, washbasins, three fireplaces; stone wall in front. Lot 50x120. PRICE ONLY \$6,000—TERMS

This property would make an excellent home.

The B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd.
ESTABLISHED 1905
922 Government Street Phone 125

Fernwood District

A house of six rooms in good condition, full size lot, no local improvement taxes.

Price \$1,600

PEMBERTON & SON

625 Fort Street Victoria, B.C.

For Sale, North Saanich District

2 acres, tile drained land, house, 14 ft. x 30 ft.; stable, chicken houses, ½ acre garden, good well.

PRICE, \$1,500.

R. S. DAY & B. BOGGS

Phone 30 620 Fort Street

\$950 Buys a Nice Five-Room House

and 1½-acre of good land at Sooke, near railway, road and river frontage.

We have many nice little homes that can be had on easy terms and are good values. If you need a house, come and talk to us.

Gillespie, Hart & Todd, Ltd.
Phone 2040 711 Fort Street

ESQUIMALT

I have for sale an especially nice home of 10 rooms. Modern and up to date in every particular, on one acre, all under cultivation.

For further particulars, apply

Arthur Coles
Broad Street Victoria

SIR ARTHUR CURRIE PREDICTS VICTORY

TORONTO, Oct. 24.—That the Allies are at last in sight of final and complete victory and the attainment of a peace which will insure for the future the safety of the civilized world against despotism, is the belief of the Canadian corps commander, General Sir Arthur Currie, as given in a cable received by Sir William Hearst's office in answer to a ques-

sage of congratulations sent by the Premier a few days ago. General Currie's message said: "Please accept my sincere thanks for your kind message on behalf of the people of Ontario, which is much appreciated by all ranks. After four years of gallant and most successful fighting, and during which hardships and privations have had to be endured, we are at last in sight of final and complete victory and the attainment of a peace which will insure for the future the safety of the civilized world against despotism."

CANADA'S ARMY PURSUES ENEMY

Keeps Close on Heels of Main Forces as They Flee—Outflanking Valenciennes and Nearing Belgian Border.

WITH THE CANADIAN ARMY. Oct. 24.—(By J. F. B. Livesey, Canadian Press Correspondent.)—Our troops, which occupy the line of the Scheidt Canal immediately north of Valenciennes, have begun closing in on the area contained within the sharp bend the canal makes northwest of Conde. We are now only a few miles from the Belgian boundary.

Since we crossed the Canal de la Seneze, south of Douai, many of our troops have marched over thirty miles over almost impassable roads and in miserable weather. Today the sun was shining for the first time in ten days. Despite the weather, our troops have been consistently cheerful, for in their progress they have witnessed at last the fruits of four years of fighting. They have seen tens of thousands of French people released from slavery and immensely valuable property in the way of coal mines and factories restored to the French nation.

Their advance recently has not been without opposition, and they have had to prevent the enemy getting away at leisure, and we have trod on his heels daily, outposts feeling their way along and driving in his rearwards. Thus his main body has never been more than four or six hours ahead, and we have prevented his wrecking the country in his passage. Villages are intact, though systematically sacked and looted, while the art and stench of the battle leaves behind him an indescribable. Everywhere he has blown up railway and road bridges and left huge craters at the corners of roads.

All this adds to the difficulty of getting up transports and supplies, but the men have received their rations regularly, thanks to the fine exertions of the Army Service Corps, while Canadian engineers, railway troops and labor battalions are working feverishly in the restoration of communications. This open warfare through a rolling country provides a magnificent training for our troops, who are fast closing up the scars of the recent fighting, and present a fresh and smart appearance. One, or at most two battalions on each brigade front are engaged in actual contact with the enemy, while the rest have a chance to take things easy under pleasant conditions of land untouched by war.

The enemy is clinging obstinately to the right bank of the canal, no doubt as a pivot for his retirement elsewhere, though our airmen report that the city of Valenciennes itself is evacuated, except for a few posts. We could enter it from where we are now, firmly established on the canal to the north. This position was stormed by a Toronto battalion this morning. If we occupied the city this would afford the enemy excuse for shelling the town also. He still holds the right bank of the canal southwest as his troops on the right flank of the corps are meeting with strong resistance.

The Canadian troops hold the left bank opposite this line, thus forming the right flank for the corps. Another unit is pushing around Valenciennes through Beuvrages to the canal on the north, and Canadian troops are working through the Forest de Raimées in the direction of Conde. (The British official statement today reports the capture of the entire Raimées Forest.) The Canadians are also closing down on the canal at Escapout, where a day or two may see our outpost battalions established on Belgian soil. The only complaint our men have is that they are getting perilously far away from their leave base. They are beginning to turn their eyes towards Brussels and Antwerp.

PREDICTS SUCCESS FOR VICTORY LOAN

TORONTO, Oct. 24.—That Canada may do a \$500,000,000 business is the reason that the coming Victory Loan objective is that figure. If less than that sum is raised the business which the country will do will be exactly less by the amount of the deficit. That is the declaration of Sir Thomas White, Minister of Finance, who arrived home this morning from the West and leaves tonight or tomorrow morning for Ottawa.

"All over Canada I have found the greatest enthusiasm for the loan," said Sir Thomas. "Courage and confidence are what are wanted now."

The effect of the influenza epidemic on the loan prospects is not greatly feared by Sir Thomas, who said that some letup is to be expected in the near future. "I have confidence," he said, "that before the commencement of the campaign the epidemic will have left us and meetings will be allowed to be held once more, which will help in the work of the drive."

CUT THIS OUT

OLD ENGLISH REMEDY FOR CATARRH, CATARRH, DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES

If you know of some one who is troubled with Catarrh of the Ear, or with ordinary Catarrh of the Ear, or with Catarrh of the Middle Ear, or with Catarrh of the Eustachian Tube, or with Catarrh of the Larynx, or with Catarrh of the Trachea, or with Catarrh of the Bronchi, or with Catarrh of the Lungs, or with Catarrh of the Stomach, or with Catarrh of the Intestines, or with Catarrh of the Bladder, or with Catarrh of the Uterus, or with Catarrh of the Vagina, or with Catarrh of the Prostate, or with Catarrh of the Rectum, or with Catarrh of the Sigmoid, or with Catarrh of the Colon, or with Catarrh of the Small Intestine, or with Catarrh of the Large Intestine, or with Catarrh of the Gall Bladder, or with Catarrh of the Pancreas, or with Catarrh of the Liver, or with Catarrh of the Spleen, or with Catarrh of the Kidneys, or with Catarrh of the Ureters, or with Catarrh of the Urinary Bladder, or with Catarrh of the Uterus, or with Catarrh of the Vagina, or with Catarrh of the Prostate, 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GERMANY'S HOPES

The Reichstag unanimously approved the speech relating to peace negotiations delivered by Prince Maximilian on Tuesday last, so it must be assumed he is speaking for the German people. In the course of what he said he pointed out that the German people must not be brought blindly to the conference table, but that they have the right to ask, if peace is realized on the basis of President Wilson's conditions, what they mean for the future of Germany. The legal questions involved, he said, would not stop at Germany's national boundaries, which would never, of Germany's own accord, be open for violence. This must be interpreted as meaning that the present German Government will not agree to the terms of any armistice that will leave German territory free for military occupation. There is nothing in the Chancellor's speech to show Germany would be agreeable to accept any terms for a truce which would place her in the position where she could not resume hostilities.

We read into what the Chancellor has said that Germany hopes to escape defeat by diplomacy, and, if she is unsuccessful, in bringing about a peace conference, she will be prepared to fight on. In the hope of something turning up that will cause disagreements among the Allies. She seized upon President Wilson's peace principles as a pretext for discussion now that her armies are being driven back towards her frontier. She has gone so far as to accept those principles, some of which are largely theoretical, but she wants a voice at the peace table regarding the arrangements of details. She wants an equal voice in the terms of an armistice and in the arrangements for the evacuation of occupied territory. Germany knows the history of European wars and realizes that nations that have been defeated in the field have often won diplomatic victories at the peace table. The far-reaching character of the manifold problems to be discussed before peace can ensue from this war enlarge the opportunity which Germany is seeking to create. The very fact she has so many Powers to deal with is counted by Germany as an element in her favor, for if she has not been able to divide them during the war she still may do so through their varying attitudes on the reconstruction of the map of Europe.

It will be recalled that following the abdication of Napoleon in 1814 Talleyrand, by his cleverness, won a diplomatic victory for France through the terms he secured from the Powers who opposed that country. It was the same when French ambitions were crushed during the War of the Spanish Succession, for then Louis XIV negotiated for France an exceptionally favorable peace by the Treaty of Utrecht and one inconsistent with the defeats he had suffered in his efforts to dominate Europe. Germany is seeking inspiration from history, and, realizing her chances of victory have vanished, is willing to transfer her efforts to the peace table. Germany knows full well that when it comes to the interpretation of President Wilson's peace principles there are bound to be divergencies of opinion among the Allies. She will be able to profit by them, especially if she is backed by an undefeated Army and Navy and if there is no military occupation of her territory.

There are some of President Wilson's proposals which open the way to a discussion that will continue for decades. For instance, one of his peace principles is the "removal of all economic barriers and the establishment of an equality of trade conditions." The only interpretation of this can be free trade all round, and we are very certain several of the Allied nations, and least of all the United States, will not agree to this. Such an economic adjustment would give Germany more than all she is hoping for, as with her cheap labor she could swamp the world with her manufactures and quickly recoup herself financially for all her losses in the war. With Germany's industrial activity, coupled with free trade, no nation would be in a position to compete successfully with her for long, and there is not a shadow of doubt she would speedily dominate the markets of the world. There could be no economic boycott of all economic barriers are removed, nor can there be any boycott of any kind if Germany is to be admitted to a League of Nations after the war. This principle of President Wilson's requires considerable elucidation. We cannot think he ever attempted to estimate its consequences at the time of its enunciation.

Germany is never enough to realize the value of opinions at a peace conference which would meet for the purpose of arranging the details of the conditions laid down by the President. She knows that

even those applying to the Balkan States would set free old-time animosities there, and that while, from the standpoint of idealistic theory, they may be all right, they are hardly applicable in the cold world of facts. She knows, too, that President Wilson's attempt to define the freedom of the seas, if that means to restrict any legitimate power that can be exercised in time of war, and, similarly, the proposal for a League of Nations, open up possibilities of differences of opinion which might prove insuperable. It might be pointed out as well that President Wilson has not been nearly specific enough about Alsace-Lorraine. He has not said those provinces should be returned to France, but on the contrary speaks of the wrong done France in 1871 being righted. Germany and France will disagree on the nature of that wrong, and the former may well claim the policy of self-determination should be applied. We are not at all sure that the present war population of Alsace-Lorraine would not vote to remain German.

We reiterate there is no hope of a permanent settlement on the basis now under consideration, for the simple reason that Germany has not been defeated and her people do not acknowledge they have been guilty of any wrong doing. The issue which is in danger of being lost sight of in all this peace discussion is the punishment to be inflicted on Germany. That is a question that has nothing whatever to do with the character of the Government in power. Her people sustained their rulers throughout the war in a way to which history furnishes no example. They have been the dupes of the military caste, but they were the willing dupes who enthusiastically applied their undoubted energies to the task of attempting to attain world empire. If enlightenment is now breaking in on the German people the consciousness is only there because of impending defeat. If they had won this war they would have been unrelenting towards their adversaries. The treaties of Brest-Litovsk and of Bucharest are sufficient evidence of this. We have to reckon with what the present German Chancellor calls "a proud people accustomed to victory." However the pressure of events may make them cringe, there is no change of heart, nor can there be until full retribution has been exacted.

The Allies now have in their hands the decision regarding peace and upon what terms it can be negotiated, if there must be negotiations. They are being advised in some quarters, to state their principles, but there can be no need for that if Germany is to be asked to surrender unconditionally. The probability is the Allies will put forward an irreducible minimum of demands upon Germany, but they can hardly be expected to define the terms of an armistice, for they involve considerations which must be based on the military situation existing at the time it is to go into force, and, in addition, consideration would have to be given to the estimate of Germany's good faith in agreeing to accept any peace conditions. There is no doubt the overwhelming consensus of opinion throughout the Allied countries favors Germany's unconditional surrender, because it is felt that only in that way can she be made to realize the enormity of her crimes and be taught the lesson that the sanctity of the public law cannot be violated without retribution.

UNNAMED HEROES

The newspapers of Canada are informed by their press correspondent at the front that on September 8, during the fighting before Cambrai, a captain of a Canadian battery was responsible for some excellent work, which is recounted in detail. Another story is told of the deeds of a sergeant of the 1st Signal Company, yet another of a brigadier-general and still another of private and officers responsible for noteworthy performances. In no instances are the names of any of these officers or men mentioned, although the incidents in which they figured took place many weeks ago. What is gained by this secrecy? We know what is lost and that is a certain proportion of the enthusiasm of the people on the home front. If a private who enlisted in Victoria accomplishes a deed of heroism, there is no military reason of any character which should prevent his name being mentioned. This aspect of the censorship should be changed and should be made the subject of representations by the Ottawa Government. We do not believe the War Office would refuse a request that the names of individuals should be used in press dispatches.

Censorship has been responsible for many blunders in this war and not the least has been the way in which it has dulled the interest of the people in the happenings of the struggle. The Allies have been winning victory after victory on the Western front. Our troops have been fighting gloriously in the advance, yet throughout the country the suggestion has never been made that there should be anything in the nature of a celebration, the news of which might tell the people how greatly the people at home appreciate its heroic deeds. The censorship has been responsible for the apathy that exists. It has proved absolutely devoid of any imagination. It has permitted erroneous reports dealing with conditions in Germany, to circulate all over the world. It has unwittingly no doubt, time and again, made itself the vehicle of German propaganda. We could recount many specific instances of the stupidity which has characterized its course, but it is not that the instructions un-

der which we labor forbid publicity. But we are within our rights in criticizing the utter lack of a sense of news values displayed by the censorship in permitting incidents of heroism to be recorded without any mention of the names of those who should be known throughout the length and breadth of the land.

War correspondents, when they are forced to omit the mention of names, might as well be writing fiction when they attempt to describe feats of individual soldiers. Such stories lack the human note, without which news items of this character are almost useless. Their transmission is waste of telegraph tolls. There will be instances when the men to whom such stories refer will be decorated and their deeds will be officially recorded in The Gazette. There are others who will receive no recognition and we shall never know who they are. They will remain to us unnamed heroes and the incidents with which they were connected will swiftly be forgotten, because we have no personality to fasten them in our memories. This feature of the censorship is both reprehensible and unjust. It is unjust to the individual and to the unit with which he is fighting. It is unjust to his folks in the homeland, to his fellow citizens and also to the nation he represents. The practice is reprehensible because it dulls the people's pride in their army. That army today, more than ever before, represents the people. They should share in the enthusiasm which a brave deed evokes, yet they cannot do this unless they know what individual or what unit is responsible.

The Colonist will be glad to print in its columns on Sunday next appeals on behalf of the Victory Loan from the ministers of the different denominations in the city. Owing to the churches being closed they will not have the opportunity of reaching their congregations except through the press. We would suggest to the different ministers, if they adopt this offer of publicity, that each appeal should be limited to 400 or 500 words. To insure publication, all manuscript should reach this office by this evening.

LETTERS TO EDITOR

No letter to the editor will be inserted except on the proper subject and of a moderate length. This rule admits of no exceptions.

Dr. Clay's Protest

Sir,—All good citizens will earnestly desire, and work for, the success of the coming Victory Bond Loan. But many who associate the day of rest with a sense of repose and liberty will heartily support Dr. Clay's protest against a parade on that day. Sabbatharianism? No. The Sabbath was made for man, not man for the Sabbath; therefore man should guard his sacred heritage against all encroachments. In The Private Papers of Henry Ryecroft, George Gissing says: "There was a time when it delighted me to flash my satire on the English Sunday; I could see nothing but antiquated foolishness and modern hypocrisy in this weekly pause from labor and from bustle. Now I prize it as an inestimable boon, and dread every encroachment upon its restful stillness."

"When out of England I have always missed this Sunday quietude, this difference from ordinary days which seem to affect the very atmosphere. It is not enough that people should go to church, in a more or less vague way, even by those who wish to see the village lads at cricket and theatres open in the town. The idea is surely as good a one as ever came to heavily-laden mortals; let one whole day in every week be removed from the common life of the world, and devoted to common pleasures as above common cares. With all the abuses of fanaticism, this thought remained rich in blessings. Sunday has always brought large good to the generally, and to a chosen number has been the very life of the soul, however heretically some of them understood the words."

H. J. POLLARD.

2645 Fernwood Road, Victoria, B.C., October 19, 1918.

Science and Religion

Sir,—Replying to the letter over the signature of the Archbishop of Caledonia, I cannot but wonder that the sentence in the letter signed Ernest A. Hall: "Give us your hand, Bishop—here is mine."

May I repeat two sentences that appeal to me, and here is the solution for the church. The first comes, if the men and women of the world intend to fulfill their proper function. He states "The truth is—man is a unit, and, it is impossible to work for his highest good, unless he is every case taking into consideration his whole being—body, mind and spirit; a sound mind in a sound body." He further states, "Probably in the future when the whole matter is treated more scientifically, etc."

authority, and not as the scribe," not as the learned and philosophic of his time. Christian civilization is science, that new estate of the social realm, science is simply the truth of things, viz. the truth of God, and as surely a revelation of God as the gospel, and to deny it is to deny God's light and truth in human reason and implies a far deeper infidelity than any questioning of the truth of the letter.

For science, too, is a minister of God—an evangelist whose mission is to "show us the Father and regenerate the world."

With no conscious God in her perceptions, she yet refreshes and expands the idea of God by new revelations of the heights and depths and infinite riches of the wonderful All.

With "no moral sensibility of her own she yet deepens the sense of obligation in man, and solemnizes human life by showing how most exact is nature's frame in which that life is set, and the geometrizing God suffers no transgression and no defect that is not compensated by its just equivalent."

With no human sympathy in those eyes that look creation through she yet strengthens the bonds of love by a wiser adjustment of human revelations; by multiplying means of beneficence and extending opportunities of good.

With no charity in her aim, she yet evangelizes the world by closer commerce of man with man, by developing the vast resources of nature for the comfort and relief of the suffering, and the edification of human kind. Does theology understand, does the church suspect, what a reign this is which is establishing its throne among us? A veritable Kingdom of God because a Kingdom of Light and Truth.

Let the clergy lift up their eyes and welcome the prophet whom nature vouches, the fellow laborer who also comes in the name of the Lord. The church must either accommodate herself to the new dispensation or else go down before it.

The Gospel of Christ and the Gospel of science have essentially one mission.

JOHN DAY,
880 Madison Street, Victoria, B.C., October 22, 1918.

Phenol and "Flu"
Sir,—A short time ago a letter appeared in the Colonist over the signature of a lady, giving pure Phenol, 24 drops in 8 oz. of water, one tablespoonful three times a day, as a sure cure for influenza, as is claimed by plenty of others like myself, got their 24 drops, and after mixing would be doubtful about taking, even if they were attacked by the "Flu." The following may be of use. Being doubtful of the advice of our doctor and was told not to take it, that it would very likely leave the kidneys affected, and that he wouldn't take it diluted in eight gallons of water. So there you are. I am taking the advice of a good doctor myself, to taking some unknown cure, which may have bad after effects, but we are not all alike. I merely repeat what the doctor told me.

J. S. RAIRS,
Cobble Hill, B.C., Oct. 21, 1918.

Church Union

Sir,—Church union is something which cannot be forced, but it can be helped. Undoubtedly what will help most is the bringing about of union in more of the spirit of Christ in the hearts of all church members, but in addition to this there must be the creation of a right public opinion upon the subject. The present situation is that among church leaders there is a strong tendency towards church union, but what is holding back the movement is the denominational pride and the unreasonable prejudice of many among the rank and file of church members. It requires careful teaching to remove this hindering prejudice, and wider vision to overcome this isolating pride.

It may help on the great cause to briefly state the position now occupied by a large number of church leaders. It is now more widely recognized than formerly that mere unity of spirit is not enough. This unity of spirit which is the basis of unity in some visible form. There may be many different parts, each part with a different function, but the body however complex must be one. Co-operation is not enough. There must be a unification of different parts under one comprehensive plan.

It is now almost universally conceded that by church union is meant any such thing as the absorption of one church by another, or the union of churches by amalgamation. The result of bringing various denominations into organic union will not be the aggrandizement of any one of the existing churches, but the creation of a new comprehensive church, such as we gloried in the heart of Christ.

It is now clearly understood that the leading characteristics of the various denominations are not to be obliterated, but they are to form the valuable contribution of each church to the great comprehensive body. All the leading Protestant churches hold the same great essentials of faith, but they differ in minor particulars. In the olden days these minor particulars were considered of importance enough to vigorously maintain even to the point of separating from the existing body and forming a new organization, but in the course of centuries the value of these peculiar views have in most cases been recognized by the others, so that the need for the separate sect has ceased to exist. Barriers are now crumbling which once were considered insurmountable.

As an illustration of what is meant, we have on the one hand the Presbyterian Church and the Methodist Church taking more kindly to the occasional use of liturgical forms, and on the other hand we have the Anglican Church of England and the Church in Canada making under certain limitations the use of church of extempore prayer.

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Wednesday, 1 p.m.
Saturday, 9 p.m.

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Wednesday, 1 p.m.
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Specials Selling Today

Washable Rugs, Worth
\$1.50 Each, Specially
Priced Each \$1.19

We offer two sizes at this price for today's selling, pretty mottled centres with band borders, in white and colors; all good washing colors; splendid Rugs for bedside, bathroom, dressing room or kitchen use. Sizes 27 x 54 and 24 x 48. Worth \$1.50 each. Selling today, each, \$1.19.

Congoleum "Gold Seal"
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Size 9 x 12 ft. Old price, \$20.00.
Size 9 x 10-6. Old price, \$17.50.
Size 9 x 9. Old price, \$15.00.
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Size 9 x 6-9. Old price, \$10.00.
Congoleum Rugs at last season's prices.
Size 3 x 6, each, \$2.25; 6 x 4-6, \$1.65.

Novelty Voile and Scotch Net
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Pretty Curtains suitable for any room and a remarkable value at this low price. Fine voile with dainty lace edge and H.S. borders; Dutch sets in fine voile with separate valance; hand filet net Dutch sets with separate valance; fine Scotch net Curtains, double borders and neat all-over styles. All full length Curtains and ready for use. Special, pair, \$2.19.

30-Inch English Sateen and
Fine Cretonne Special
49c Yard

A good quality English art sateen and cretonne. These same goods are now worth at least 75c a yard from the mills. Styles suitable for almost every purpose; all choice, well selected goods. Today, a yard, 49c.

Special Values in White and Striped
Flannelettes

Our Fall showing of Flannelettes comprises the best British and Canadian makes. The values offered cannot be replaced. We have secured a shipment of British Flannelettes which were bought very early in the war. We are offering these away below present day mill prices.

White Flannelette—This is a heavy Flannelette, very soft and durable weave. Suitable for children's wear; 27 inches wide. Per yard, 20c.

White Flannelette—A splendid quality, in pure soft finish. A cloth that will give every satisfaction in the wear; 34 inches wide. Yard, 25c.

White Flannelette—An excellent quality of soft, fleecy make, perfectly pure, 34 inches wide. Per yard, 30c.

Striped Flannelette—A strong weave, pure finish in a choice range of stripes. Just the Flannelette for children's wear; 28 inches wide. Yard, 20c.

Striped Flannelette—Soft finish, in a range of stripes suitable for shirts and pajamas; 30 inches wide. Per yard, 25c.

Striped Flannelette—A large selection of British-made Flannelettes, in excellent patterns; 33 inches wide. Per yard, 30c, 35c and 40c.

Striped Flannelette in a select range of patterns, suitable for shirts and pajamas; 36 inches wide. Per yard, 45c.

FLANNELETTE SHEETING

We have a large stock of Flannelette Sheeting by the yard which we secured before the advance in prices.

White Flannelette Sheeting—A-1 quality, 66 inches wide, yard, \$1.25.

Grey Flannelette Sheeting, 66 inches wide, yard, \$1.25.

White Flannelette Sheeting, heavy quality, 72 inches wide. Per yard, \$1.40.

Shirt and Pajama
Cloths

Ceylon Flannel—A splendid cloth for shirts and pajamas. Comes in self colors and stripes; 30 inches wide. Per yard, 50c.

Flanduro Shirting—An excellent cloth, and one which we recommend for wear; 36 inches wide. Per yard, 55c.

Scotch Wincey—This cloth comes in self colors and stripes. It will give every satisfaction in the wear; 40 inches wide. Per yard, 75c.

Wincella—An ideal material for shirts and pajamas, etc. Comes in a good range of stripes; 36 inches wide. Yard, 75c.

Holeproof Silk Hose
\$1.50

Full range of colors just received—champagne, tan, brown, gunmetal, pearl, navy, black and white. Guarantee with each pair. Universally known for good wearing qualities.

\$2.00—We are showing a particularly nice Pure Thread Silk Hose, with especially elastic garter top. Colors received are Russian calf, nigger brown, dark grey, pearl, navy and black.

Novelty Silk Hose, in fancy stripes and clocks. The combinations of colors are lawn, champagne, white and drab, with black stripes; also black with white; clocks are in tan and white, black and white, white with black. \$2.50 and \$2.75.

Colored All-Wool Cashmere Hose for Women, in heather mixtures and clerical greys. Golfers should use these. 1 and R. Morley's make. Pair, \$1.75.

Navy, Grey and Black All-Wool Cashmere Hose, with elastic tops and double sole. At last year's price, pair, \$1.00.

Excellent Value in Black Cashmere Hose, with elastic top and spliced heels and toes, at pair, 65c.

For Misses and Children—Fine 1-1 Ribbed All-Wool Cashmere Hose, in black only. English made; in sizes 6 1/2 to 7 1/2.

And all sizes up to 10, varying in price up to \$1.10.

Churches ought not to be expected

to abandon. The second is the fact that "there are a number of Christian churches not accepting the Episcopalian order, which have been used by the Holy Spirit in His work of enlightening the world, converting sinners, and perfecting saints."

If we could only get the rank and file of our various churches to follow their leaders, laying aside their prejudice and their pride, and endeavoring to "get together" it would not be long before the spirit of unity would be "undoubtedly growing amongst us would manifest itself in an outward form of church union. It has been well said an unbelieved world is the price we are paying for a divided Christianity.

F. H. DU VERNET,
Archbishop of Caledonia,
Prince Rupert, B.C., October 18, 1918.

Questions for Aldermen

Sir,—I have a big property interest in Victoria, and I have the right and intend to ask some of the aldermen some questions. I may say I was pleased to have a conversation with Alderman Harvey a few weeks ago. He seemed to have a complete grasp of affairs as they affect the wage-earner. He expressed a willingness to talk over anything at any time. Now that the garbage men are on strike, my friends with me think we might hear from him as to the above.

Also, is he willing to support the two-plate system, and will he explain his vote on Tuesday evening October 1?

I think any representative should be willing to answer these questions through the press that affects all.

H. ROBINSON,
Victoria, B.C., Mount Tolmie P.O., October 18, 1918.

"Punish the Guilty"

Sir,—Mr. R. Kennedy writes in the Sunday Colonist, "I am no lawyer." Would the world had more men of the calibre of your correspondent—men who understand the words: "I will put my law in their inward parts, and write it in their hearts." Then

We would not be delaying the long

looked for peace.

Too many people indulge in the doctrine of mercy without justice. Sooner or later, we must acknowledge the divine plan and fulfillment. There is the "son of perdition" to be reckoned with.

A. CAROLY BAYFIELD,
Mount Douglas Apartments, Victoria, B.C., October 20, 1918.

What England Has Done

Sir,—Many must have been glad to read your leading Article of Saturday under the above heading. It is indeed time that we returned to a realization of the position of England in the world. Not merely is the enormous and successful effort of England in the present war not appreciated, but there is a regrettable ignorance of the contribution England has made to civilization in the past.

How many, outside of a few students, are aware of the unrivalled position of England in literature, of her unexcelled contribution to science, of her eminence in art and of her world leadership for centuries in the development of political and personal liberty.

J. N. HATCH,
182 Patricia Street, Gonzales Heights, Victoria, B.C., Oct. 19, 1918.

Germany's Crimes

Sir,—You were right when you said, "The Allies will be untrue to the millions who have died in the name

of freedom if Germany is not made to

expiate her manifold crimes," etc.

Yes, Sir, we must hang them all when we get hold of them.

After the war began there were thousands of cold-blooded murders, sanctioned by the same unrelenting savage.

T. R. KENNEDY,
1562 Vining St., Victoria, B.C., Oct. 21, 1918.

Germans Fear Air Raids

LONDON, Oct. 24.—A dispatch to The Daily Mail from The Hague says: "From all information available here, in Germany there is a widespread dread of Winter and of daily and nightly air raids from German aeroplanes in Belgium, which are now in the hands of the Allies. It is indicated that such raids would produce internal results in Germany quite different from the present symptoms of unrest."

Mr. Maxwell Smith, chairman of the Land Settlement Board, who has been a victim of Spanish influenza for the past ten days, is recovering rapidly and was able to be at his office for a short time yesterday.

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY

(From the Daily Colonist of October 25, 1868.)

Hogs in James Bay District—Complaints are made of the damage done by hogs and cows in the James Bay District, where they have been allowed to roam at large. The residents are determined not to allow their fences and gardens to be thus destroyed with impunity.

Politics in Esquimaux—The Liberal candidates, Hon. A. DeCombe and Dr. Powell, addressed a large and respectfully attended meeting in Esquimaux on Saturday. One or two persons who attempted to disturb the meeting succeeded for a while, but only succeeded in giving vigor to the meeting and putting the candidates on their mettle.

Brings Much Treasure—The steamer Enterprise brought \$4,000 in treasure on her arrival yesterday from New Westminster. Among her passengers were Messrs. Trutch, Finlayson, Watson, W. K. Bell, C. Oppenheimer, Sutton and Barry.

Keep Your Feet Dry By Buying Your Boots and Shoes Here

Men's Waterproof Boots, high cut.....\$8.00
Men's Tan Leather-Lined Boots.....\$8.50
Ladies' Tan Brogue Boots and Oxfords, \$9.00 to.....\$10.00
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AUBURN Per lb. 55c COWICHAN Per lb. 70c
NEW ZEA- LAND, lb. 60c NORTHWEST-ERN, lb. 65c

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MUST CHASTISE FOR DEVASTATION

Members of French Parliament
Unanimously Call for Pun-
ishment of Savages Who
Commit Savage Atrocities.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—The question of the devastation wrought by the Germans in Northern France was the topic of discussion in Parliament today.

In the Senate Antoine Dubost, president, asked that victory should give all its might to the chastisement of the offender and reparation for the crime.

"The enemy will be condemned to retributions for which we will take guarantee, not being able to rely upon his word," said Stephen Pichon, Foreign Minister. "We are near the end of sacrifices imposed by savage aggressions for which its authors try to escape responsibility."

Their calculations have been upset by President Wilson. Senators from the liberated regions filed a resolution asking that commissions be sent to ascertain the extent of the devastations, which were described as heart-breaking. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

After describing what he and other residents of Lille had undergone, Deputy Delory aroused applause throughout the Chamber by shouting: "To wipe out these horrors with a sponge would be committing a crime against France and humanity."

ENDEAVORS TO UNITE EFFORTS IN SIBERIA

VLADIVOSTOK, Oct. 24.—General Ivanoff, the War Minister of the Onak government, has arrived from that city to confer with the Allies in an attempt to systematize the mobilization of Russians here for the new army. He will also attempt through about among the military leaders of Eastern Siberia, many of whom are now acting independently.

General Ivanoff said today: "A strong army under the all-Russian government is completing its training at Onak, but there is urgent need for arms, equipment and money from

the Allies. At present Russia is in a state of chaos. Therefore the Siberian army is a foundation for a new and powerful Russia. There is not room in Siberia for a class war, hence the downfall of the Bolsheviks."

The Ufa Government has been removed to Onak and the authority of the all-Russian Government is being exerted there through cabinet ministers.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS IN CANADA INCREASE

OTTAWA, Oct. 24.—Savings deposits in Canadian banks have increased by another \$22,000,000. During September they reached a new high level with a total of \$1,037,498,920.

At the end of August they were \$1,014,711,865, a figure which then constituted a record. Curiously, the increase during August was also, approximately \$22,000,000.

The September returns also show an increase in bank circulation and an increase in demand deposits. Current loans both in and outside Canada are higher as compared with the previous month.

ONLY SURRENDER WILL MEET CASE

Interpretation of President Wilson's Latest Note to Germany by New York Papers
—No Loaded Dice to Be Left

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Owing to the lateness of the hour at which President Wilson's reply to Germany was issued last night, most of the morning newspapers restricted themselves to a hurried analysis of the note.

The Herald says leaving all questions of an armistice in the hands of the military commanders means that "Germany is not going to be allowed to withdraw her troops in safety from France and Belgium to re-form at the German frontier as a wall of safety and to act as Prussianism's loaded dice at a peace table. In this, as in his plain notice to Prussianism that it must surrender, the President accurately and clearly voices the demand of the American people."

The World says: "With language plain and more solemn than was ever before used in a communication of this kind, the President reveals his assertion that the Government of Germany, which instigated this war, is not to be trusted. In this the President takes a position which is absolutely unassailable."

The World concludes: "Those who address it (Germany) with cannon balls speak the only language that it understands, and it is with that tongue that the President now closes the discussion in its present phase."

The Times says: "This plain meaning of the President's answer is that if Germany is not now ready to lay down her arms, then the war which the civilized world is waging against her must continue until she is forced to lay them down. The acceptance of these terms of surrender, as the President points out, will be the best concrete evidence of Germany's unequivocal assent to the principles and conditions of peace he has set forth in his successive addresses."

"The doubts Mr. Wilson expresses as to the reality of the changes in the government promised in Germany are shared by the peoples of all countries arrayed against her. But upon that point he uses the plainest of words, and leaves no room for doubt anywhere in Germany that the United States can have no dealings with the Hohenzollerns save for surrender."

COL. ROOSEVELT ENTERS PROTEST

Describes President Wilson's Fourteen Points as Mischievous and Wishes Declaration From U.S. Senate.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt sent duplicate telegrams tonight to United States Senators Lodge, Poindexter and Johnson in which he characterized as "thoroughly mischievous" the 14 principles enunciated by President Wilson with the proposal that they are to be made the basis of peace. The telegram follows:

"As an American citizen, I most earnestly hope that the Senate of the United States, which is part of the treaty-making power of the United States, will take affirmative action against a negotiated peace with Germany and in favor of a peace based on the unconditional surrender of Germany."

"I also declare against the adoption in their entirety of the 14 points of the President's address of last January as offering a basis for a peace sufficiently to the United States. Let us dictate peace by the hammering of guns and not chat about peace to the accompaniment of the clicking of typewriters."

The language of the 14 points and the subsequent statements explaining or qualifying them is neither straightforward nor plain, but if construed in its probable sense many, and possibly most, of these 14 points are thoroughly mischievous, and if made the basis of a peace, such peace would represent not the unconditional surrender of Germany, but the conditional surrender of the United States. Naturally they are entirely satisfactory to Germany, and equally satisfactory they are in this country satisfactory to every pro-German and pacifist and Socialist and anti-American so-called internationalist.

"The only peace offer which we should consider from Germany at this time is an offer to accept such terms as the Allies, without our aid, have imposed on Bulgaria. We ought to declare war on Turkey without an hour's delay. The failure to do so hitherto has caused the talk about making the world safe for democracy to look unpleasantly like mere insincere rhetoric. While the Turk is left in Europe and permitted to tyrannize over the subject peoples the world is thoroughly unsafe for democracy."

"Moreover, we should find out what the President means by continually referring to this country as the associate instead of the Ally of the nations with whose troops our own troops are actually brigaded in battle. It means that we are something less than Allies of France, England, Italy, Belgium and Serbia, then he means that we are something less than the enemy of Germany and Austria. We ought to make it clear to the world that we were neither an untrustworthy friend nor an irresponsible foe. Let us clearly show that we do not desire to pose as the umpire between our faithful and loyal friends and our treacherous and brutal enemies, but that we are staunch Allies of our friends and the staunch foe of our enemies."

"When the German people repudiate the Hohenzollerns, then, and not until then, it will be time to discriminate between them and their masters. I hope the Senate and the House will pass some resolution demanding the unconditional surrender of Germany as our war aim, and stating that our peace terms have never yet been formulated or accepted by our people, and that they will be fully discussed with our Allies and made fully satisfactory to our own people before they are discussed with Germany."

New Jersey Cloth Dresses

Beautiful beyond description are the Jersey Cloth Dresses now being shown at Scurrah's. Many of them arrived but a few days ago—all are this season's latest and best productions, both as regards styles, and superiority of materials and workmanship—forming a showing that will be a revelation to those who see them.

A few of the prominent features are embroidered over-skirts, collars and belts; panel effects; fancy pockets; fringes and white satin collars, but many more could be mentioned. The prevailing colors are navy, purple, plum, French blue and Sammy.

To those who wish a smart, serviceable garment, we heartily recommend one of these Jersey Cloth Dresses. Prices from \$25.00 to \$65.00.



Special in All-Wool Sweaters

For the week-end we offer 20 All-Wool Sweaters, in white, gold, black and paddy green only. Regularly sold at \$11.50 and \$12.50, at the very special price of **\$8.95**

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Shipment just received of
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Raincoats, Rain Hats and
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Children's Rain Capes in
all sizes.

Seabrook Young

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Again We Tell You That We Must Clear Out
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Winter Overcoats and Suits

We have too many of them, altogether. You have already been told that we considerably overbought when purchasing our Winter stocks, and we realize that we must pay the piper for our excess of zeal in attempting to lay in a sufficient supply to tide over the present unsettled conditions of the market.

The main difficulty is that we have not sufficient room in which to properly display them. Our wardrobes are full and the clothes racks are overloaded. If this were not the case, we would not make such sacrifices as we are doing. These days, Men's Clothing constantly rises in price, and it would be good business to retain our present stocks. However, let US do the worrying.

Note the Tremendous Reductions

- 73 Sample English Slip-On Style Overcoats, worth \$25 each. To clear at\$17.50
- 27 Donegal Tweed Showerproof Coats, regular \$30 values. To clear at\$21.75
- Studd Millington's Celebrated "Togo" Brand Overcoats. Made of pure wool shower-proof cloth. Tremendous bargains at prices from \$35.00 to\$60.00
- Heavy Weight Ulsters, in finest English cloths procurable, at \$55.00 and\$60.00
- 43 Men's Suits, in all-wool tweeds. The smartest of the smart. To clear at\$21.75
- 17 Young Men's Suits, in the popular fitted-to-waist and skirt effects; sizes 35 to 38. Worth up to \$50.00. To clear at\$35.00
- 10 Dozen Men's Hats, in good shades of dark greens, dark browns and greys. Regular prices today for these hats are \$7.50. Specially priced at\$4.50
- 100 Dozen Neckwear to clear at, each\$1.00



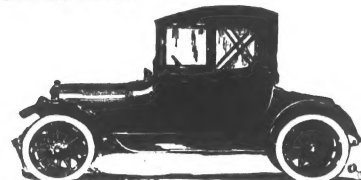
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The Best Thing of Its Kind on Earth

IS

**The
NEW EDISON**

This can be proved
to your entire satisfaction,
if you will
drop in to

Kent's Edison Store
1004 Government St. Phone 2440

Death at Fernie
FERNIE, Oct. 24.—The first death from influenza occurred this morning when Edward Pearson, aged 30, succumbed to the disease. Deceased when stricken was an employee in Barnstead's logging camp at (Gallows), about thirty-five miles west of here, and was admitted to the hospital yesterday with a number of others from the same camp, all of whom were suffering from influenza.

Horlick's
Malted Milk for Infants
A safe milk diet, better than cow's milk alone. Contains rich milk and malted grain extract. Canada Food Board License No. 1246.

"If You Get It at Plimley's It's All Right."

TIRES

Well Known Make

30 x 3 1/2

TIRES	TIRES
Heavy Non-Skid	\$19.00
Light Non-Skid	\$17.50
Heavy Plain	\$15.00

An opportunity that users of this size casing should not overlook.

"The man with the hoe must get behind the man with the gun to beat Germany."—Canada Food Board

Antea Phone 697 **THOMAS PLIMLEY** Cycles Phone 698
727-735 Johnson Street 611 View Street

Canadian Food Board Licence 8-947

You Will Find Kirkham's Big Cash Market

The most convenient place to shop in, and the prices are the lowest.

Special Today in Grocery Department
Canada Cornstarch, reg. 12c per packet. Special, 3 packets for..... **32c**

Fruit and Vegetable Department

Special Today Only—Cape Cod Cranberries, per lb. **20c**
McIntosh Red Apples, nothing finer. Per box, **\$2.85**
Hothouse Tomatoes, per lb. **15c**
Red Emperor Grapes, per lb. **25c**
Malaga or Cornish Grapes, per lb. **20c**

Provision Department

Oleomargarine, Marigold brand, per lb. **38c**
Peanut Butter, per lb. **28c**
Selected Government Creamery Butter, per lb., 54c, or 3 lbs. for..... **\$1.58**
Flake White, per lb. **32c**

Grocery Department

Kellogg's or Dominion Corn Flakes, per packet..... **12c**
Five Roses Health Bran, 7-lb. sacks..... **33c**
Clark's Christmas Puddings for overseas, per tin..... **39c**
Robertson's Ginger Marmalade, per jar..... **28c**
Crystallized Ginger, lb. **60c**
Sunlight or Lifebuoy Soap, per cake..... **7c**
Our Special Blend Tea, per lb., 47c; 3 lbs. for..... **\$1.29**
Bovril Cordial, per bottle..... **89c**

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD.

VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER

PHONES: Grocery, 178 and 179 Fish and Provisions, 5520 Delivery, 5522 Meat, 5521

So Good and Yet So Inexpensive

Let no one tell you that some other Coal is just as good as

KIRK'S COAL

Old Wellington
An inferior brand may appear cheaper, but in reality they are much dearer in the end. From your own experience you know this is true.

KIRK & CO., LTD.

1212 Broad Street. Phone 139

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL

1157 Rockland Ave. Phone 5933L or 62. Victoria, B.C.
Private day and boarding school for boys. Small classes. Careful supervision. Gymnasium. Cadet Corps.

Boys prepared for University Examinations, etc. Preparatory class for small boys.

Christmas Term Commences Thursday, September 8th, 1918
Principal, A. D. MUSKETT, ESQ.

For prospectus, giving full particulars, apply the Principal.

"OCEAN FALLS" KRAFT WRAPPING PAPER
Look for the Label



NOTICE
KRAFT WRAPPING PAPER is now being manufactured in British Columbia. The Mill at Ocean Falls, B.C., is turning out a paper of excellent, uniform quality, with great tensile strength. In all points it is the equal of any Kraft Wrapping Paper in the World.

SOLE AGENTS
Smith, Davidson & Wright, Limited
Vancouver and Victoria, B.C.

Premier in Expector—Word received from Premier Oliver yesterday stated that he was at Nelson on Wednesday, where he met a number of delegates which waited upon him in regard to matters of local interest, and at Kelso today. He will be at Kamloops tomorrow, and probably will visit Cranbrook and Fernie on Monday and Tuesday, starting on his return home on Wednesday via Nelson.

Premier Oliver is suffering from slight bronchial trouble, but so far, he stated, he has kept a comfortable distance ahead of the influenza germ.

KEWPIE KORNER

By Rose O'Neill



In the year 99,999 I see a great change. Folks have come to their senses and smiles are breaking out all over the world and everybody seems to be a Kewpie.

—Prophecy by the Mother Shipton Kewpie.

Copyright 1918, by Rose O'Neill.

City and District in Brief

Jailed for Tire Stealing—Pte. McCoy was sentenced to four months in the hard labor by Judge Lampan in the County Court yesterday for having stolen a number of automobile tires.

Thanks Extended—The Hollywood branch of the Red Cross wishes to thank Mr. W. R. Dale, of Pinewood Avenue, for the half ton of coal, and also Mrs. Drake for a coal scuttle. More workers are urgently needed, especially for the afternoons.

Tax Sales—Notice is given in the current week's Provincial Gazette that the time for the sale by public auction of unworked Crown-granted mineral claims for delinquent taxes in 1918 will be altered and the sale be held on December 27 in all assessed and collecting districts except Golden and Nelson. The tax sale of lands in arrears in the districts of Atlin, Barkerville and Telegraph Creek, originally fixed for October 24, has been postponed until November 25.

Rumor Exaggerated—Like the late Mark Twain, Manager Calza, of the Empress Hotel, is able to assert that the report of his death is grossly exaggerated. Mr. Calza has been confined to his bed for some time suffering from Spanish influenza, but is up and around again; that he had succumbed and he has been busy for the past few days proving to his friends that he is still very much in the land of the living.

Provincial Appointments—Provincial appointments announced in the current week's Provincial Gazette are: Mr. Robert B. Sangster, of Victoria, to be a Justice of the Peace; Mr. Edward Ferguson, Government agent at Nelson, to be a commissioner for taking affidavits in the Province; Mr. Arthur E. C. Read, of Huron Mills, to be a notary public; Mr. J. W. Handy, of Nicomen Island, to be a fence viewer for the Dewdney electoral district in the place of Mr. Amos P. Thompson; Mr. Wesley A. Blair, of Vancouver, to be secretary to the Agent-General for British Columbia.

New Companies—New companies incorporated during the past week are announced in the Provincial Gazette as follows: Albert Packing Company, Limited, capital \$20,000 and head office at Vancouver; N. and M. Garage Company, Limited, \$20,000, Vancouver; the Whitmarsh-Mining & Development Company, Limited, \$100,000, Quebec; K. F. Killbuck's, Limited, \$10,000, Victoria; American Cloak & Suit Company, Limited, \$10,000, Vancouver; Couverapee Mining Company, Limited, \$10,000, Field, B.C.; Point Grey Nurseries, Limited, \$10,000, Royal, B.C.; Okanagan Products, Limited, \$50,000, Kelowna; Fuel Conservation Company, Limited, \$500,000, Vancouver; National Bond Corporation, Limited, \$1,500,000, Vancouver; the Northern Fiscal Agency, Limited, an Alberta incorporation, authorized to transact business in British Columbia with head office at Vancouver.

Footlight Favorite Fined—William Kane, erstwhile favorite on the Orpheum circuit, but for sitting at the Cowichan Lake property, was a star performer in a "stunt" staged at the police court yesterday morning when he appeared to answer a charge of being in possession of liquor contrary to the provisions of the Prohibition Act. Mr. Kane was busy explaining to Magistrate Jay that he had the liquor as a preventative against the prevailing influenza, but he was only about half through his plea when the magistrate interjected with "Fifty dollars," and Mr. Kane had no other

RAVAGES OF THE EPIDEMIC, INFLUENZA

The newspapers last week reported over two hundred thousand cases of Spanish influenza in the Argentine, South America, and not a single death.

Cinchona Tree Bark, a powerful tonic from which quinine is extracted, macerated in wine, is their Great Remedy for Influenza. If the people only knew that the principal ingredient in Kennedy's Tonic Port was this same Cinchona Tree Bark macerated in pure wine, thereby assimilating all the various quinine alkaloids, there would be very little if any of the Spanish influenza in Canada today as the quinine alkaloids in Kennedy's Tonic Port are three to five times more effective than ordinary capsule quinine.

Kennedy's Tonic Port dispels the oppressiveness of suffocation, subdues inflammation of the air passages, builds up the body and tones up the nervous system. Druggists sell it.

course than to make the contribution. The former football favorite came down from Cowichan on Wednesday night's train and was being greeted by local friends at a Government Street hotel when the police arrived and after a few adroit questions proceeded to search Mr. Kane's trunk, in which was found a bottle about half filled with brandy. Hence the charge and the imposition of the fine.

WANTED IN WINNIPEG

George G. Young, Arrested Here Yesterday, Will Face Theft Charge at Prairie Capital.

Wanted in Winnipeg, where, it is alleged, he committed theft of moneys belonging to the Da Laval Separator Company, which concern he was employed, George Glimor Young was arrested here yesterday by Detective Inspector Purdie and Detective Sergeant O'Leary at his residence, 55 Boyd Street. The arrest was made on the wired request of the Winnipeg police authorities, and an officer from that city is now on his way to Victoria to take back the prisoner for trial.

Young, who is a man of about 37 years of age, has been residing here for the past few weeks with his wife. When arrested by the officers he did not even ask what he was wanted for, but quietly put on his coat and hat and accompanied them to police headquarters.

Y.M.C.A. CENTRE TO BE OPENED AT NANAIMO

New Department Will Start Operations As Soon As Organization Meeting Is Permitted

Nanaimo is to have the honor of being the first centre in Western Canada to be opened by the Town and Country Work Department of the Y. M. C. A., the preliminary organization work being now in hand.

Mr. C. D. Thornton, the Western secretary for this department of the association's activities, has been in consultation with many of the leading merchants, business men and churchmen of Nanaimo, and as soon as the ban on public meetings is raised a meeting will be called to organize on a permanent basis.

The work of this section of the Y. M. C. A. is adapted to the needs of communities which are not large enough to maintain a building and the expensive skilled staff which goes with such an equipment. It is designed to make use of voluntary talent under the guidance of a trained salaried secretary, whose main duties consist in so organizing his aides and the youths and boys who are to benefit that as much work shall be done as possible on the familiar lines followed in the larger centres without the expense which such work generally entails.

A feature of this branch of the association's work is that the boys and youths who are attracted and interested are those who normally form little gangs, with nothing much to do but get into more or less mischief. Such aggregations of lads are taken in hand, and amusements, athletics, Bible studies and education on useful lines provided for them wherever and whenever it is found possible to get them together. The secretary's task is to so arrange matters that the youths in his district are made his chief aids in promoting growth of character among themselves, and the elders are available to instruct and assist the younger in ways which are generally ignored until brought to the fore by some such organization as that about to be formed in Nanaimo.

Judge Thomas Carroll Dead
TACOMA, Oct. 24.—Judge Thomas Carroll, aged 75, pioneer attorney and former judge of the Superior Court, died last night of pneumonia.

Cargo Steamer Wrecked
WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Sinking of the American cargo steamship Lake Borgne off the coast of France without loss of life was announced today by the Navy Department. The ship foundered after striking a rock. Ten officers and 48 enlisted men composed the crew, and all were saved. The vessel was of 3550 gross tonnage.

THE WEATHER

Meteorological Office, Victoria, B.C., Oct. 24th, 1918.
The barometer is rising, the clouds and fair weather may become general. Fair.



READ THE PRICES QUOTED BY COPAS & YOUNG

"The Others Will"

LICENSE NO. 8-1048. If it interests Them it Should Interest You. Try it and Save Money	
INDEPENDENT CREAMERY BUTTER, the nicest butter made. Per lb.	55c
FANCY ONTARIO CHEESE Per lb.	30c
CHRISTIE'S SODA BISCUITS Large carton	35c
ANTI-COMBINE BAKING POWDER 5-lb. can, \$1.25; 12-oz. can.	25c
CLARK'S BEEF SUET Per tin	50c
PLUM PUDDING (Dominion brand), each	25c
CHRISTIE'S PLUM PUDDINGS Each	50c
WETHEY'S MINCEMEAT Per packet	15c
CHOICE RECLEANED CURRANTS Per lb.	32c
VICTORIA X SEEDED RAISINS The finest packed, 2 packets for.	35c
CLARK'S SOUPS All kinds, 2 tins for	25c
ANTI-COMBINE COFFEE Per lb., 45c and	40c
SWIFT'S SELECTED PICNIC HAM. While they last, per lb.	30c

EVERY MISER HELPS THE KAISER

COPAS & YOUNG

PHONES 94 and 95 ANTI-COMBINE GROCERS Corner Fort and Broad Streets PHONES 94 and 95

New Eiderdown Quilts

Lots of Warmth—Little Weight

If you have ever used an Eiderdown Quilt you will know how delightfully warm it is—without the weight you get in blankets or cheaper grades of comforters.

We have an excellent assortment of Down Comforters on display now. Old Country makes—the best there is. Big choice of patterns and colorings in Satins and Sateens—dainty creations that we know will delight you.

Several sizes and a good range of prices. Now is the season they are needed, and now is the time to buy your supply—when stocks are complete.

Prices Range From \$15.00 to \$55.00

Crib sizes, in Down Quilts, at \$8.75.

Dainty Materials for Curtains

Marisettes, Voiles and Scrims Just Received

A large shipment of new Marisettes, Voiles and Scrims has just been opened and put on display on our second floor.

Here are a lot of Dainty Materials for Curtains. They come in White, Cream and Ecru shades. This is just about as attractive a shipment of these materials as we have had for a long, long time, and we would like you to see them.

Priced From 50¢ to \$1.50

Many other pretty things in Curtain Goods shown in this section. Come in and have a look around.

Congoleum Rugs Are Splendid Wearers

We stock Congoleum Rugs. These are splendid wearing floor coverings. They come in a variety of very attractive colorings and patterns, and, considering the service they give, are modestly priced.

Shown on Second Floor

WEILER BROS.

GOVERNMENT STREET LIMITED NEAR POST OFFICE



BUY VICTORY BONDS
Select Your Gifts NOW

It is not too soon to think about Christmas, and what you are going to give your friends. The following are good suggestions:
Briar Pipes. A splendid line in cases, containing one, two, three and four pipes. All the very best makes.
Pouches in a number of good leathers. Always appreciated by the man who smokes a pipe.
Silver Tobacco Boxes are also very acceptable, as they slip easily into the pocket, and take but little room.
Prices Moderate
Buy now while the selection is good.

W. H. Wilkerson
1113 Government St.

moderately cold weather prevails in the Prairie Provinces.		
TEMPERATURE	Min.	Max.
Victoria, B.C.	48	55
Vancouver	44	50
Kamloops	38	45
Barkerville	32	39
Dawson, Y.T.	26	33
Prince Rupert	20	27
Atlin	14	21
Siwash, B.C.	18	25
Winnipeg, Man.	22	29
Portland, Ore.	44	51
San Francisco, Cal.	50	57
Port Arthur	38	45
Grand Forks	32	39
Cranbrook	26	33
TEMPERATURES THURSDAY		
Highest	48	55
Lowest	32	39
Average	40	47
Minimum on grass, 42; rain, 12 inch; bright sunshine, a brief general state of weather, fine.		

DR. A. A. HUMBER
DENTIST
Hours by appointment.
Tel. 2168 206 Pemberton

RETURNED SOLDIERS

The work of finding suitable employment for the returned soldiers needs your assistance. When you have employment to offer, kindly communicate with the Secretary.

The Returned Soldiers' Employment Committee
104 Union Bank Building
Telephone No. 3640

NOTICE

On and after October 1st the prices of Shoe Repairing will be the same as in Vancouver, Winnipeg and other cities.

For the Sick Our Fruit

"Is Like the Touch of an Angel's Wing"
IT'S DELIGHTFUL
DAN W. POUPARD
Fruit Specialist
Balmoral Bk., Phone 3321
Canada Food Board License No. 8-1048

Are You Looking for a Room?

Clean, comfortably furnished rooms for men away from home may be secured in the large, cheerful building of the Young Men's Christian Association, corner of View and Blanshard Streets.

Shower baths with hot and cold water are conveniently located on each floor.

The rental rates are \$2.25 to \$3.75 per week.

There are many advantages in living at the Y. M. C. A. Building.

Prices of Millwood

Cord Loads \$4.25
Half Cords \$2.25
Kindling, half cords \$2.50

Cameron Lumber Co., Ltd.
Phones 771 and 5000

FOR SALE

11 Self-Oiling 18-in. Drop Hangers, for 2 7-16 shaft. Apply The Colonist Office

AUTO OWNERS!
Have your ELECTRICAL TROUBLES fixed and adjusted by
NORMAN HIRST
1052 FORT ST. PHONE 5508
Repairs to storage batteries, generators, motors, magnetos, lighting, etc.
Radio Battery Service Station.

China and Crockery

At Attractive Prices

China, Bone China—Kiln-fired, painted, size 10, Regular, \$1.00 and \$1.25. Special today, each, 75c and 85c.

Cups and Saucers—In china, thin and dainty, rosebud design, Special, dozen, \$4.00.

Tea Plates—For high chair, hand-painted china, each, 75c and 85c.

Mugs and Mugs—White china, small gold line design, Special, dozen, \$3.50.

Sugar Bowls—Hand-painted china, Regular, each, 50c, Special today, each, 45c.



HALLIDAY'S

145 Yates Street
We sell for cash, and give you more

China and Crockery
Hand-painted
Special
Pair, 35c

ALL GONE!

Don't let your bin get as low as this, or there may not be enough coal to cook your dinner.

Why not order now? We have on hand a large supply of

COAL

for the range or stove that has been well recommended. You'll make no mistake if you try it.

Mackay & Gillespie, Limited

Office, 736 Fort Street

Phones 149-622

"If You Can't Fight Buy Victory Bonds"

"Sam Scott Suits Boys"

Boys' Blue Serge Sailor Suits

We have a nice showing of these popular Suits for the younger boys. They are the celebrated "Rowe" (London) Suits, made in a blue serge that is absolutely guaranteed in quality and color. A choice of long or short pants; middie blouse; detachable collar; and white fronts. To fit ages 3 to 10 years. Prices:

\$11 and \$12.50

1225 Douglas St. **Sam Scott** 1225 Douglas St.
"Boys' Clothes Specialist"

Baggage Transfer

We Never Close
3 Phones—2505

Victoria Baggage Co.

J. N. Harvey's Union Men's Stores

Today We Place in Stock Some Snappy New Overcoats

In rich shades of green and brown, also attractive colorings in fancy mixtures. Tailored in a variety of belted models with slash and patch pockets; short and medium lengths.

The conservative man can select from slip-on and Chestfield styles.

Prices Range \$20 \$22.50, \$25 to \$50

MEN'S WOOL SWEATER COATS
Less Than the Price of the Yarn
SPECIAL, \$6.75

In six colors, brown, fawn, maroon, navy, medium and dark grey. Well made with roll collar and about two-pound weight of wool yarn. Figure it out for yourself.

Few days only at this price, \$6.75

Men's "Keep Warm" Garments

For Day and Night Wear

We stock all the best numbers of this popular underwear. We have practically every weight in both two-piece and Union Suit styles. You will find no difficulty in getting the weight required.

Stanfield's Shirts and Drawers—Natural color; elastic rib. Per garment, \$1.75, \$2.50, \$3.50 and \$4.50.

Stanfield's Red Label Heavy Weight Shirts and Drawers—Each, \$3.00.

Stanfield's Red Label Union Suits—Per suit, \$6.00.

Stanfield's Union Suits—Natural color; elastic rib. Each, \$3.50, \$5.00 and \$7.50.

Silk and Wool Union Suits, \$7.50

The Home of Stanfield's Unshrinkable Underwear

614-616 Yates St.

125-127 Hastings St., W., Vancouver

LOOK FOR RED ARROW SIGN

WRITERS EXPLAIN HOW AIRMAN DIED

Letters Received by Relatives of Late Lieut. Vernon Kidd Describe Accident Which Resulted in His Death.

So many friends of the late Flight Lieut. Vernon Kidd live in the west that the following letters from overseas to his relatives tell how the young airman met his death while in the interest.

The first is from Mrs. D. Brown, of Tim's Farm, Beaulieu, Hants:

"It is with deep sympathy that I write you this, hoping you may find comfort in the knowledge that your dear son was not conscious of any pain, also that I was with him to the last. It was a terrible accident. On Wednesday, August 28, we saw a sailing yacht with four officers on it. Our farm is on the edge of the Beaulieu River. After a while the yacht was rowed out to them. But just before they reached them we heard a crash. The yacht had got on a submerged rock which made a hole in her and she began to sink. But my boys got there in time to get them out of her boat and bring them safely ashore none the worse from the adventure. All were full of fun and glad to be safe on land. Your son and Lieut. Davidson said they would fly down the following morning and look at the boat, which they did. My husband said he would do what he could to get the boat on dry land if possible. Then about 4:15 your son flew down again with Lieut. Davidson. My husband in the meantime had nearly got the yacht into the quay. We sat and waited chatting all the time, and then suddenly we saw what damage had been done to the yacht. Your son decided to come again and see about it on the Friday morning. We walked with them to the machine, which was in our field. We said goodbye (it was then about 5 o'clock), and with a smile and wave they started off well. But before many seconds there was a terrific crash. We ran forward, and a terrible sight met our eyes. The machine was not long in coming with help. But from the first there was no hope for your son's life to be spared. Happily he knew nothing and passed peacefully away."

The little time your son had known him was so full of life and fun, was loved by all at the aerodrome, and his cheerful face will be sadly missed."

Lieut. Davidson who was in the machine with Lieut. Kidd, had his arm broken and his jaw fractured, but in going to get well, they believe.

Lieut. Harry Wood, one of his friends at the aerodrome, wrote some further particulars in his letter to the aviator's father at Port Angeles:

"The accident happened over a week ago. Vernon had taken a boy in a machine, and landed at a farm where we had our boat at the time. He repeated this again in the afternoon of the same day, and this time he made a huge climbing turn, and at the top his engine failed him and the machine fell to the ground, not having sufficient height to recover. The other boy was badly injured, and Vernon died a few minutes after the accident. A doctor was on the scene almost immediately, and if anything could have been done for him it would have been done surely. Vernon was our ace here. I am sure there was no better flier in the camp. Absolutely fearless, he was always keen to fly and to learn all he could. He never would allow anyone to beat him at anything. Never was anyone missed in the camp like he was, everyone thought so much of him. If Vernon had only had a chance to show his mettle in France I would not have felt so badly. For I am quite sure he would have accounted for his share of Germans."

ATLIN HONOR ROLL
MADE IN VICTORIA

Handsomeness Scroll With Names of 41 Men of Northern Mining Town Who Have Nobly Served Sent Yesterday.

The patriotic spirit of the women of Atlin, B. C., has been responsible for still another thoughtful act, this time on the part of Queen Beaudica Chapter, I. O. D. E. The members recently, through their regent and secretary, Mrs. J. Roxburgh, and Mrs. A. James, respectively, sent to Victoria a list of 41 names of gallant men who have fallen or been wounded in battle from their part of the Province, with instructions for the design of an honor roll. This has just been completed by Mr. James Kyle Wilson, and afterwards mailed back to the I. O. D. E. Chapter at Atlin by Mrs. Hasell, provincial secretary.

It is an unusually beautiful piece of work, the printing and illuminating being carried out entirely by hand. Surmounting the design as part of the ornate conventional border is the Union Jack draped around the I. O. D. E. emblem. In the medallion at the left side of the border is the crest of Canada, and in the right the crest of British Columbia, both worked out in color and very minute detail. At the base of the roll is a sepia miniature sketch of the Statue of Beaudica which stands opposite the British Houses of Parliament at Westminster Bridge. Elk, mountain goat and wapiti, in subdued colors, are introduced into the design of the border, being emblematic of the Far Northern position of the mining town which has sent these gallant men overseas. "Patriotic service, patriotic service," the motto of Queen Beaudica Chapter, appears above, and at the base the lines which so aptly go with the portrait of Bri-

tanna's early warrior queen: "Religion Caesar never knew, thy posterity shall have."

Atlin has always shown a generous spirit toward patriotic enterprises. At a recent bazaar there were cleared between \$900 and \$1,000 for work of the kind, and \$500 was collected by a bazaar last day recently. The children give largely to the funds especially helped by the I. O. D. E., such as the Nurses' Home (London), St. Dunstan's Home for the Blind, and the Red Cross.

LOCAL CASUALTIES

Pte. F. L. Shaw
Pte. Forest L. Shaw, who has been serving with the 7th Battalion in France for the past seven months, is a sailor boy from England, suffering from gunshot wounds in the left arm, according to a cable message received by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Shaw, 925 Empress Avenue. Pte. Shaw was formerly a law student in the office of Mr. J. A. Alkman.

Pte. R. T. Venn
Pte. Robert T. Venn, son of Mrs. Venn, of 1145 Chapman Street, has been wounded in the chest and right leg, and has been admitted to Reading Hospital, October 6, for treatment. He left Victoria in July 1918, with the 103rd Battalion, and subsequently transferred to the 54th Battalion, with which he was serving as a stretcher-bearer when he received his injuries.

Pte. W. G. Phillips
Pte. W. Geo. Phillips, son of the late Mr. J. E. Phillips and Mrs. Phillips, of 1015 Empress Avenue, was admitted on October 6 to 1st South General Hospital, Birmingham, suffering from gunshot in the right shoulder. Pte. Phillips left Victoria last April with a draft from the 2nd Depot Battalion. On reaching England he was transferred to the 72nd, with which he was fighting when wounded. Before he joined the army he was a stonecutter, working in his brother's yard on Fairfield Road. A sister, Mrs. A. A. Sears, lives at 906 Market Street, and a brother, Mr. J. R. Phillips, on Kings Road. A second brother, Pte. Edgar Phillips, is in the army.

Pte. Hirst Wounded
Word was received from Ottawa yesterday that Pte. William Hirst, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hirst, of 2396 Wascana Street, had been wounded in the left hand.

Pte. Hirst left Victoria with the 88th Battalion in May, 1918, and has since been with that unit in France. He was born in Nottingham, England, and came to Victoria when two years of age. Before enlisting with the 88th Battalion he was learning his trade at Victoria Machinery Depot as a machinist. Pte. Hirst is 26 years of age.

Pte. J. Barnes
Pte. J. Barnes, for several years before going overseas a well-known member both of the Wesley Methodist and Metropolitan church choirs of this city, has been killed in action. Friends in the city have just learned the sad intelligence. He left here in February, 1917, with the 143rd Battalion, B.C. Bantams, and had been in the fighting line for more than a year. An Englishman by birth, he came to this country some years ago, and before removing to Victoria had lived at Niagara Falls, where his wife is at present staying. He was employed at the Wilson Hardware Company, Broad Street, right up to the time that he enlisted, and was very highly thought of by his employers, who found him to be a steady and reliable man. His home for a time was at Carnes Street.

MR. S. Y. WOOTTON DIES AFTER USEFUL CAREER

Was Registrar-General of Titles in Victoria for 20 Years—Boom in Realty Brought Him Many Acquaintances.

One of the most widely known and respected citizens of Victoria passed away on Wednesday, when Mr. Stephen Yardley Wootton died in his fifty-third year. For nearly twenty years he had held the office of registrar-general of titles in Victoria, and during the last real estate boom nearly everyone in the city had occasion to meet him in the course of business.

The oldest son of the late Captain Henry and Mrs. Eliza Wootton, he was born here in 1861, being educated in Victoria at the Collegiate School and the Bishop Cridge Grammar School.

He studied law with Messrs. Robertson and Johnson, and with the late Chief Justice Theodore Davis. For two years he acted as registrar on circuit to the late Hon. Mr. Justice McCreight in the Cariboo district, and was called as a solicitor in 1884, later becoming stipendiary magistrate in the Nass and Skeena districts.

In 1890 he returned to Victoria, making this city his permanent home and becoming deputy-registrar-general of titles under the late Mr. C. J. Legg, whom he succeeded as registrar-general a few years later, holding the office until 1914, when ill-health caused him to retire.

The late Mr. Wootton is survived by his widow, two daughters, a son on active service, a sister, Mrs. E. Hammond King, and a brother, Mr. E. W. Wootton. The funeral will take place at 2:30 o'clock on Saturday from the B. C. Funeral Chapel.

Prominent Publisher Dies
MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 24.—Wm. James Murphy, publisher of The Minneapolis Tribune, died today in Chicago, according to a telegram received here tonight.

BLUE CROSS REPORT
The following is the Blue Cross report for the month of September, showing that a balance of \$368.87 is in hand after balancing accounts:

Receipts—Proceeds Pantages Revue \$391.71; Miss Hemming's pupils, 65c; raffie, doll and ring, \$47.20; proceeds from, \$54.45; Campbell's drug store box, 9c; Bowles' drug store box, 15c; Tea Kettle box, \$3; Empress Hotel box, 29c; Kirkham's box, 58c; G.N.W. box, 11c; Lakewood, \$58.41; refund, Scott & Feden, \$15.95; total, \$1,108.95.

Expenditure—Expenses, Pantages Revue, \$384.42; rent of fair stall, \$7.50; Columbia, signs, \$11.20; A. J. Coke, \$20.00; janitor, room, \$3; B.C. Telephone, \$4; Mrs. Knox (salary), \$30; total, \$740.12.

Balance, \$368.87.

OBITUARY NOTICES

The funeral of W. Allan Blyth, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Blyth, of 504 Linden Avenue, took place yesterday from the B. C. Funeral Chapel, where private service was held by Mr. G. A. Birkenhead, of Vancouver, the open service, which was later held at Ross Bay Cemetery, being largely attended. Delegations were present from the Rotary Club and the Arign Club. Among the many floral tributes were two large wreaths from the officers and working department of the R. F. Corps at Toronto. The following officiated as bearers: Messrs. E. Bird, S. McNamee, E. Halson, D. McIntyre, J. D. O'Connell, and R. B. Spence.

The funeral of Mrs. Norah Fellow will take place this morning, leaving the B. C. Funeral Chapel, at 11

EPIDEMIC SHOWS UPWARD TREND

One Hundred and Fifty-Five New Cases Listed Yesterday—May Use Hotel Instead of Fire Hall for Hospital.

Health officials were a little surprised yesterday to see that the Spanish epidemic cases for the day ran up to 155. This figure, coming after the 26 registered Wednesday, appeared to be hard to explain, the general feeling was that the epidemic was being held in check. However, it is stated that included in yesterday's total were a large number of cases that should have been reported before, but were withheld for some reason or another.

Yesterday's showing provided a rude jolt to those who had thought the situation offered no more cause for worry, that each day would see a further decrease and that the ban on meetings, theatres, churches and schools would be lifted almost immediately. The day for the revoking of the order-in-council now appears to be about as far off as ever.

Trend Not Unusual
Medical Health Officer A. G. Price stated last night that there was nothing unusual in the trend of the epidemic here. There was no doubt that it had several weeks to go yet before its full force was spent, and in the meantime the city could not afford to let up in its campaign against the scourge.

Ald. Alex. Peden, chairman of the Health Committee of the City Council, stated that the Fire Hall at Fairfield may not be utilized as an emergency hospital after all. On Monday night the proposal for the use of one of the closed halls was put before the Mayor and aldermen and passed, and the same night it was stated that the Fairfield station would be the premises disclosed, however, that a good many alterations would have to be made before the hall could be made suitable to the new requirements. There would have to be an entire readjustment of the heating and plumbing facilities, and it is now debated as to whether a hotel or apartment house could not be made to fill the bill better. With this end in view, the Health Department is now casting about for a suitable site for a new emergency hospital, where accommodation could be provided for possibly 100 patients.

Hospital Accommodation
According to Dr. Price, about 50 volunteer nurses are now in the service of the city fighting against influenza. The Isolation Hospital will only accommodate 25 patients, but there have been a number of recoveries during the past few days, and it was possible to put several new cases there yesterday. The situation has been relieved to a considerable extent by the establishment of personal quarantine in the households affected.

That the comparative ease with which liquor can be secured "for medical purposes" is a factor that is encouraging the spread of "flu," was the view taken by not a few people here. "Fluphobia" is said to be an absolutely harmless ailment, though sometimes mistaken for the genuine "flu" by the sufferer. It originates in a longing for something that is normally unobtainable.

MEMBER'S FUNERAL

Body of late Mr. Richard P. Wallis Will Be Interred Near Parkville Next Wednesday.

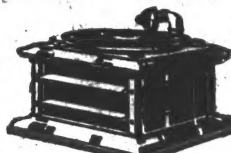
Arrangements for the funeral of Mr. Richard P. Wallis, Conservative member for Alberni in the Provincial Legislature, who recently succumbed to pneumonia at Toncon, N.B., while timber holdings, will take place next en route to Newfoundland, where he contemplated disposing of extensive Wednesday afternoon at Parkville. The body will arrive from the East on Tuesday and on Wednesday morning will be taken from Parkville to the family home. There will be a short service at the home, after which the body will be taken back to Parkville, where services under the direction of the Masonic Order will be held. Thence the funeral cortege will proceed to French Creek, where services will be held in the Anglican Church and where interment will be made.

The late Mr. Wallis made friends in Victoria, a number of whom will attend the funeral. Among them will be Mr. W. J. Fowler, K.C., leader of the opposition in the Legislature; Mr. R. H. Pooley, Conservative member for Esquimalt, and Mr. George Jay, for years a close personal friend of deceased.

THE BIG DRIVE IS ON. Put all the force of your patriotism behind your blows. Buy all the Victory Bonds you can.

Complete Columbia Grafonola Outfit

\$50.40



Including 6 double-disc Columbia Records—12 selections—of your own choosing

Regardless of the price you pay, the Columbia Grafonola which you buy will be a high-price musical instrument. In beauty of tone, in clearness and resonance, and in appearance it is certain to be equally gratifying. It will be an ornament to your home, a source of daily enjoyment to your family, a delight to your friends.

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—the balance on convenient terms of payment, will bring this Popular Grafonola Outfit to your home.

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Western Canada's Largest Music House
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In the New Spencer Building Also at Vancouver

Canada Food Board License No. 5-566

A Piping Hot Bouillon

—a cup of Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, or any one of the delicious beverages for which these tea rooms are so famous, will fortify your body against sudden changes in the atmosphere. The costliest place in town to rest and refresh yourself.

The Yorkshire Bakery

New Address 640—Yates Street—640 King Edward Block (Opposite Our Old Stand) Phone 1928

Smart Made-to-Order Suits... \$27.50

—for men and women, in Serges, Worsted, Tweeds, all English, Scotch and Irish materials. New goods just in.

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o'clock, where a private service will be held.

The body of Pte. Harry Johnston arrived from Vancouver yesterday afternoon, and is now at the chapel of the B. C. Funeral Company. The funeral will be military and will leave the B. C. Chapel today at 2:45. Service will be held at the graveside, the Rev. T. C. Parker officiating.

The funeral of Mrs. Lydia H. Bonnell, whose death took place on October 22, was held yesterday afternoon from the Thomson Funeral Chapel, Mr. H. A. Hostetter, of the Christian Science Church, officiating. Deceased was 85 years of age and was a native of Ohio, U. S. A. Her daughter, Mrs. George A. Brown, resides at Sidney, B. C. The pallbearers were Messrs. Roberts, White, Goodrich and Jarvis.

Mrs. Ellen Stone, relict of Frederick G. Stone, died yesterday at St. Joseph's Hospital. She was born in New Zealand and had resided in Victoria for the past eight years. She is survived by two sons, Edward F. of Fresno, California, and Capt. William H. Stone, M.C., of the 15th Royal Warwickshire, now in hospital in London, England; also one daughter, Mrs. Stewart G. Clark, of Saratoga Avenue, Oak Bay. The remains are now at the B. C. Funeral Chapel awaiting the funeral, which will take place at 2:45 o'clock on Saturday.

Lee Shong Lai died yesterday at the Chinese Hospital from pneumonia. He had been a resident in this city for many years, coming here from Canton, China. He was 50 years of age. The remains are now at the B. C. Funeral Parlors, and will be interred in the Chinese cemetery.

The death occurred on the 22nd inst at Olympia, Wash., of Alma Gertrude, wife of Henry Radloff and youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nelson, of this city. She leaves behind her husband and parents, one brother. Her sister predeceased her a week ago. She is also survived by her grandfather and grandmother, Mr. and Mrs. Goldstraw, of 1033 Princess Avenue. The funeral will take place on Saturday, the 26th inst., at 2 o'clock from the Sands Funeral Chapel. Rev. Dr. W. Leslie Clay will officiate.

Pte. John Montgomery died on Wednesday last at the Work Point Barracks hospital in his twenty-ninth year. He had been in this city for the past two months. The Sands Funeral Company last night forwarded the body to Vancouver, where interment will take place.

The remains of Pte. Fred Cryer were yesterday buried with full military honors, the cortege leaving the Sands Funeral Chapel at 4 o'clock, with the casket draped with a Union Jack and borne on the customary gun carriage. A band and string party were also in attendance. Three pallbearers were the Rev. P. J. O'Connell, Mr. E. Paul, G. W. Gibbs, M. T. Howden, A. Mackay, M. C. Jensen and F. Stamen.

Dr. K. J. O'Neill died on Wednesday last at his home in Couperville, B. C. He was the eldest son of Mrs. C. O'Neill, of 820 Princess Avenue, and was 29 years of age. The remains will arrive in this city at the

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BEFORE and AFTER
—shopping take refreshment or a meal at

The Tea Kettle
MISS M. WOOLDRIDGE
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Phone 4086

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(HAYWARD'S, LTD.)
Phones 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238
Established 1867
734 Broughton Street
Motor or Horse-Drawn Equipment

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Funeral Furnishing Co., Ltd.
Licensed Embalmers and Funeral Directors. Competent Lady in attendance. Authorised Naval and Military Contractors.
Phone 3306, 1612 Quadra St.

THOMSON'S FUNERAL CHAPEL
827 Pandora Avenue
Phone 498 Day or Night

end of this week, when the funeral arrangements will be completed.

Pte. James Jayer, who died on Sunday last at the Stadacona Park Hospital, was buried with military honors yesterday, the funeral leaving the Sands Funeral Chapel at 1:50 o'clock. The body was conveyed to the cemetery on a gun carriage, the coffin being draped with a Union Jack. Three pallbearers were the Rev. P. J. O'Neill, Mr. E. Paul, G. W. Gibbs, M. T. Howden, A. Mackay, M. C. Jensen and F. Stamen.

Dr. K. J. O'Neill died on Wednesday last at his home in Couperville, B. C. He was the eldest son of Mrs. C. O'Neill, of 820 Princess Avenue, and was 29 years of age. The remains will arrive in this city at the

Clugston's Reading Glasses
1241 Broad St.

BRETON ARROW COLLAR
CLOSE MENDING CUT UP FRONT SHOWING A BIT OF CLAYVAT BRAND CLOTH, Perfectly & Co., of Canada, Limited

Every Soldier at the Front Needs Your Financial Support. Buy Victory Bonds. All You Can Afford.

Special Selling of Serge Skirts at \$9.85

As soon as you see these garments you will surely find a place for one or more of them in your wardrobe. Of this we feel sure. For their styles and prices make them irresistible. If you were to buy the materials to make one of these Skirts you could not purchase it under \$8.00 to \$10.00 a yard; so the prices we are asking for them seem very reasonable, indeed. They are in navy and black only. Don't forget the prices—a good choice at \$9.85.

**Ladies' Sample Suit House**

721 Yates St.

"Where Style Meets Moderate Price"

Phone 1901

DISTINCTIVE HATS
Hat for One Dollar Less

We cannot remember the season when styles were so beautifully simple, yet so extremely pleasing as this season. There is a demure, distinct charm in each Picture Hat, Turban, small Toque and Ready-to-Wear. Women will have no trouble at all in finding the correct shape to suit their individual fancy, for in this display are arranged Hats of all sizes. Whether it be a large Hat, medium Hat or a small Hat, fashion has remembered all.

Our prices are from \$5.00 to \$10.00 less than you are accustomed to pay for a very ordinary Hat in any other store.

This Coupon Is Worth \$1 to You

Today and Saturday, when paying for your Hat, present this coupon and deduct one dollar from the amount of your Hat.

Note—No reduction allowed unless coupon is presented.

SPECIAL—42 Felt Hats, regular up to \$6.50. While they last.

\$1.25**The South African Plume Shop**

753 YATES STREET

PHONE 2818

New Wellington COAL**J. Kingham & Co., Limited**

1004 Broad Street

Phone 647

Our Method: 20 sacks to the Ton and 100 lbs. of Coal in Each Sack

THE MARKETERIA**CASH and CARRY**

A. CHAMBERLAIN JEWELL, Prop.

737 FORT STREET BETWEEN BLANSHARD AND DOUGLAS

Prime Rib, per lb.	50c	Choice Veal	
Leg of Lamb, per lb.	35c	Choice Fowl, per lb.	34c
Shoulder of Lamb, per lb.	31c	Brookfield Butter, per lb.	55c
Little Sir Pulp, per lb.	25c	Alberta Butter, per lb.	53c
Butter, per lb.	44c	3 lbs. of...	81c
Choice Ham, per lb.	40c	Brookfield Eggs, per dozen	70c
Choice Corn, per lb.	40c	No. 1 Brand Eggs	60c

Canada Food Board License No. 2-2002

The Office is Open Each Monday, Wednesday and Friday Evening

The "Toothache Season" Is Fast Approaching—What Are YOU Doing About YOUR Teeth—?

It is up to you to help the man in France by eating less bacon and meat.



The sooner you have your teeth attended to the better. The colder weather is fast approaching—the time when toothache and pain and mouth misery are more common, is right upon us. Why hesitate upon the important matter of your teeth when you can have them modernized—made sound and clean and freed from decay.

Dr. Gilbert's dental service is modern and efficient—the fees asked are very reasonable—you are permitted to pay as you can.

Make an appointment (3624) to avoid waiting.

Dr. Gilbert's Dental Parlors

1304 Government St., Cor. Yates

Mutrie's Children's Shoes

are made of the right kind of leather and made on lasts that fit the feet properly. For the big girl that wears a ladies' size boot, bring her up and we will fit her with a boot with proper arch and low, broad heel, the correct footwear for a growing girl. Prices, \$4.50 to \$7.50

MUTRIE & SON, 1203 Douglas St.

CASTORIA Soap is the best for over 30 years. It is the best for over 30 years.

GREEKS HAVE BEEN TRUE TO ALLIED CAUSE

Dear Editor.—There has been considerable talk regarding the patriotism of the Greek people to the Allied cause, and I herewith submit to you some of my own experiences in the Balkan wars, at the same time giving you a definite idea of the Balkan situation. Hoping you will publish this for the interests of the Greeks at present residing in the Dominion of Canada.

Windsor Hotel. C. PASSAS.

After the great European War had been going on for the greater part of a year, Bulgaria joined hands with the Central Powers and had given a considerable amount of help to the boche; by this time Serbia had entered Austrian territory, and although the Bulgarians had promised to remain neutral, in 1915 they attacked Serbia, helped, of course, by her Allies, believing the opportunity had arrived to make herself the supreme power of the Balkan. Thousands of Serbian men, women and children were compelled to leave their homes and all their belongings and escape to Greek Macedonia to get away from the cruelty of the Bulgarian soldiers, the Serbians of course knowing the friendly attitude of the Greek people.

The Bulgarians on their march through Serbian territory destroyed everything in their path and with determined ferocity took the prisoners' clothing and scarcely gave them enough food to keep them alive, the same thing taking place in the Balkan war of 1912 and 1913.

In 1912, during the war against Turkey, the Serbians, Greeks, Roumanians and Bulgarians were supposed to be allied to the cause of defeating the Turks, all agreeing to annex what territory they captured, but Bulgaria wanted Salonica and Monastir, causing a certain amount of ill-feeling against the Greeks and Serbians, and on June 19, 1913, in the second Balkan war, she attacked the forces of Greece and Serbia, who united together and fought the first battle, which lasted three days, and terminated in the capture by Greece and Serbia of the city of Kilkis, with a population of approximately 25,000 people. On entering the city everything was found to be in ruins.

The second battle was fought at Dolran, a town which we captured together with about sixteen villages. Everything was in flames and the people compelled to flee in all directions, some being found on the roads bayoneted by Bulgarian soldiers. The famous city of Serrai was looted and all the young women and girls were compelled to dance in the public square stripped of their clothing, the Bulgarians committing the most dire atrocities. During the battle the Bulgarians would fly the white flag, and, thinking they were meaning to surrender, we would open fire and approach them. Immediately upon doing so they would open fire on us. For this breach of civilized warfare we eventually made them pay dearly. They even erected what were supposed to be field hospitals, flying the Red Cross flag, which in reality were nothing more than improvised forts. They also did their utmost to poison the water by throwing dead horses and even their own dead into the wells and rivers.

We continued fighting until we wrested from the Bulgars all the territory in Macedonia that they had previously captured from the Turks, except Adrianople. We were told by the people that the Turks treated everybody very badly, but the Bulgars were far worse.

The Greeks entered Macedonia sixteen miles at a point north of Salonica, and penetrated about 150 miles deep, with a front of approximately 200 miles in length, but by the treaty of Bucharest were compelled to give back nearly all the captured territory, as at that time Bulgaria was on friendly terms with the greater powers, and so the Greek and Serbian Governments were only allowed to keep a very small portion of their gains after expending so much blood.

Through ex-King Constantine's personal conspiracy with the Germans about eighteen months ago, Venizelos, the foremost leader of the Greek Ministry, and all his supporters, including all the highest officials of the army and navy, succeeded in forming a Cabinet and eventually managed to take over the power of Greece as a provisional government in Salonica.

The Greek nation at one time had a population of 30,000,000 people, extending from Asia Minor to the Persian border, coming back to the European side, including the whole of Macedonia and Greece and the Aegean Sea, with Constantinople as the capital under the Emperor Constantine Paleologus XI. In the year 1453 he fought several battles with the Turks, who under Sultan Mehmet II, captured Constantinople and made it his capital city, practically wiping out the Greeks. We became slaves of the Turks, who abused us in every way. In 1821, however, the Greeks rose against them and succeeded after seven years' fighting in gaining what is now called Greece, with a population of 2,500,000 people.

In the year 1832 King Otto of Bavaria was placed on the throne, but was found incompetent by the constituency of Greece and was exiled in 1859.

In 1863 the Great Powers (England, France and Russia) placed King George of Denmark on the throne, but he was assassinated during the first Balkan war in Salonica. His son, known as King Constantine, succeeded him, and with Venizelos as Prime Minister of Greece, formed an alliance with Serbia for the purpose of keeping the Bulgars away from their territory, but Russia ordered Serbia and Greece to give back Macedonia to the Bulgarians, who have now shown their gratitude by joining the Central Powers.

Now to prove to you the integrity of the Greek nation, I wish to state that over 25,000 Greeks joined the French army at the outbreak of the war. You will find Greeks in the Canadian Army, upwards of 80,000 in the American army, and a considerable number with the British troops. Considering these facts, I feel justified in trying to convince the people of Canada that the Greek people, or at least the majority, also uphold the rights of civilization and are at the present time with their army of 350,000 men at the Macedonian front, doing their utmost for the great cause.

Power Over Railway Rates

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today asserted its authority to alter railroad freight rates initiated by Director General McAdoo, even without alternative showing that they are "wrong," and announced that the railroad administration's assumption that such rates are presumed to be right and just is incorrect.

Trefousse
GlovesTrefousse
GlovesBurberry
Coats

Store Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Wednesday, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.; Saturdays, 9 a.m. to 9:30 p.m.

A Large Assortment of Silk Dresses Specially Priced**at \$22.50****Regular Values to \$32.50**

AN UNUSUAL opportunity for women who anticipate the purchase of a Silk Dress to make a satisfactory selection and at the same time effect a worth while saving.



These Dresses show practically all the season's most popular style novelties, bustle effects, panels, draped sides, pleated skirts and tunic effects, and they are developed from taffeta, messaline silk, satin, foulards and crepe de chine, which are in models used in combination with georgette crepe.

The color range, too, is very extensive, offering such fashionable colors as taupe, rose, sand, grey, prune, purple, Belgian blue, plaids and black. Reg. values to \$32.50 for \$22.50.

Women's All-Wool Tweed Suits*** Specially Priced at \$35.00.**

An interesting collection of smartly tailored and very desirable Suits of Donegal and fancy tweeds of splendid all-wool qualities. A few models in rich dark tones are shown in worthy novelty styles, but the larger number of them are designed along more conservative lines, featuring belt, pleated back, patch pockets, yoke and Norfolk effects.

These are all very practical Suits, and are unusually good value at \$35.00.

Women's Wool Sweaters \$4.50

Cosy garments in a good weight. They are nicely finished with a small sailor collar of white brushed wool and also have a belt and pockets. Old rose color only. These are very special at \$4.50 each.

Rompers

Serviceable in style and quality are these rompers of chambray and gingham, and at the price offered they represent a particularly good value. Sizes, 6 months to 2 years, \$1.25 each.

Women's Gloves

Women's Chambray Gloves, in white or natural. Special, \$1.50 pair.
Washable Cape Gloves. Reg. \$2.50. Special, \$1.75 pair.
Women's Suede Gloves, in black or tan. Special, \$1.75 pair.

Special Values in Women's Hosiery

Women's Black Cashmere Hose, 60¢ a pair.
Women's Black Fleece-Lined Hose, 45¢ a pair; 3 pairs, \$1.25.
Women's Heavy Lisle Hose, black only, 35¢, 40¢ and 50¢.

House Dresses

Good serviceable styles, having elbow sleeves, small round collar, pocket, and buttoning in front. The material is a navy and white striped print of splendid wearing quality. Special price for Three Days Sale, \$1.50.

Navy Serge Suits Special, \$37.50

Women who favor Navy Serge Suits will take more than usual interest in this special offering.

The models are beautifully tailored from heavy all-wool serges, and feature coats designed in the new length, with convertible or long roll collars, pleated and pin-tucked backs, and novelty belts. Those interested will be more than pleased with the high quality exhibited throughout these handsome suits.

Early selection is advisable, as they are only available at this special price during this Three Days Sale.

Attractive Values in Moirette Petticoats

Women who find themselves in need of an Underskirt for general wear will find this a splendid opportunity to fill that requirement. They are well made in good, fashionable styles and are neatly finished. These all represent very special values. In addition to black are those in navy, mauve and rose. Prices are \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$2.95.

Girls' Sweaters \$2.75

Nice Quality Wool Sweater Coats, in rose color, with square collar of white, brushed wool. They are belted and have two pockets. Very special, \$2.75.

Sayward Building
1211 Douglas Street

Splendid economy to purchase First Quality Shoes (no seconds) at Christie's prices. A large stock to select from. Come and inspect our Shoes at these prices.

Men's Grain Leather Blucher Cut Boots— All solid leather for hard wear	\$5.50
Men's 10-Inch Top Solid Leather Boots— Extra heavy soles with toe cap	\$8.00
Men's Box Kip Blucher Cut Boots— Double soles; very dressy; solid	\$5.00
Boys' School Boots— Extra good wearing leather. All solid. Sizes 1 to 5	\$2.95
Boys' Chrome Calf Boots— Double soles. Slugged; extra good wearing. Sizes 1 to 5	\$4.50
Youths' School Boots— All solid leather. Good wearing. Sizes 11 to 13	\$2.45
Men's Black Calf Boots— Four shapes, with double or single soles. Extra good values. All sizes and widths	\$7.50
Men's Dark Tan Calf Laced Boots— With Neolin soles. Extra quality	\$7.50

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UNION STORE
1231—Government Street—1231

**The Shoe
Store
Nearest
Yates St.**

Captain Scholes is a man eminently fitted to handle the sporting arrangements of the camp, being one of the

Two years later he won the American singles and doubles sculling championships, and he held the same Canadian championships in 1902, 1903, and 1904. The last named year was the year of his greatest triumphs. In addition to winning the amateur boxing championship of Canada in that year, he went over to England for the Henley Regatta and won the Diamond Sculls, emblematic of the sculling championship of the world, doing the course in 8.23 flat, six and a half seconds less than the former record for

"The Price in the Pocket"



That label price is based on the wear, value and cost of cloth—there is a uniform standard of work.

MEARNS & FULLER
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trial, medicinal and other non-be
age purposes.

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ciation of the new Ministry with Local Government Board and the Insurance Commission had something

TOONE BROS. "HART'S" WEARE
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POWERS & VANDERVEL

"THE HOUSE OF QUALITY"

Bracelet Watches

This is one of the many articles which we specialize in. Buying in large quantities direct from the factory enables us to offer you much better values and carrying nothing which the House of Quality cannot recommend to you. We have just received from the factory a large shipment, and as these were ordered last February we can save you at least 35% as they have advanced that amount since this order was placed.

Filled Gold Bracelet Watches, with jewelled movements, at	\$15.00
Filled Gold Bracelet Watches, with jewelled movements, at	\$20.00
Filled Gold Bracelet Watches, octagon, at	\$30.00
Filled Gold Bracelet Watches, highly jewelled, at	\$35.00
Solid Gold Bracelet Watches, 10K, at	\$40.00
Solid Gold Bracelet Watches, 10K, highly jewelled, at	\$45.00
Solid Gold Bracelet Watches, 14K, at	\$50.00
Solid Gold Bracelet Watches, 14K, engraved, at	\$55.00
Solid Gold Bracelet Watches, 14K, octagon, at	\$60.00
Solid Gold Bracelet Watches, 14K, octagon, engraved, at	\$65.00
Solid Gold Bracelet Watches, very heavy and highly jewelled, at	\$75.00

Many other qualities and styles too numerous to mention. Come in and view our assortment whether you intend purchasing now or later on. It is a pleasure to us to show you our goods.



THE J.M. WHITNEY CO.
DIAMOND MERCHANTS
JEWELERS & SILVERSMITHS
VICTORIA, B.C.

Corner of Yates and Broad Streets

SPIRITED BIDDING AT PROVINCIAL TAX SALE

Waterfront Properties Near
Deep Cove in Demand—
Many Owners Redeemed at
the Last Moment.

There was spirited bidding at times at the Provincial tax sale which opened yesterday morning at the office of Tax Collector Thomas Leach in the Annex, Superior Street, and continued until shortly before 5 o'clock, when an adjournment was taken until this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Especially was the demand keen for waterfront lands in the vicinity of Deep Cove, where a number of properties on which arrears have been accumulating were offered for sale and for which bidders rushed up prices far in excess of the amount of arrears for which the holdings were being sold. The fact that this locality is the terminus of the suburban line of the B. C. Electric Company and in close proximity to the railway activities of the C. N. R. evidently led bidders to believe that the investment would prove a good one even if the owners subsequently redeemed. While waterfront lots were in demand, properties adjoining but back from the water brought no more than the amount of arrears and costs.

Properties Redeemed
Prior to the sale many of the advertised properties were redeemed by delinquent owners. On Wednesday some 150 advertised parcels were thus disposed of, the collector being kept busy until late at night receiving these eleventh-hour payments. A large portion of the purchases made at the sale yesterday were by mortgagees, who thus protected their equity in the land.

Apart from waterfront lands, the bulk of the advertised properties went for taxes and costs merely. There were a number of fine holdings of agricultural possibilities which had few bids offered for them, especially those located some distance from roads.

Good Investments
As purchasers are assured of 12 per cent on their payments should owners redeem, the sale afforded opportunity to some buyers with ready cash to make investments at a substantial rate of interest. If the owners fail to redeem the buyers at the sale secure their holdings for a song.

Sales for Today
Yesterday's proceedings disposed of

HERE'S QUICK RELIEF FOR YOUR TIRED, STRAINED MUSCLES

When your muscles become tired and swollen and the joints become stiff, your circulation poor, and your suffering makes you irritable, an application of Sloan's Liniment gives you quick relief—kills pain, starts up a good circulation, relieves congestion. It is easier and cheaper to use than many plaster or ointments, acts quickly and does not clog the pores. It does not stain the skin. Made in Canada.

For sprains, strains, bruises, "black and blue" spots, Sloan's Liniment reduces the pain and eases the soreness. Certainly fine for rheumatism, stiff neck, sciatica, lame back, toothache. You don't need to rub—it penetrates.

Its use is so universal that you'll consider Sloan's Liniment a friend of the whole family. Generous size bottles at druggists everywhere.



Vancouver Island News

PTE. THOMAS BROWN BURIED AT NANAIMO

Died on Tuesday of Pneumonia at Work Point Barracks Hospital, Victoria—Was Native of Nanaimo.

NANAIMO, Oct. 24.—The death occurred Tuesday at Work Point Barracks Hospital of Pte. Thomas Brown, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Brown, of Haldimont Street, death being due to pneumonia.

Pte. Brown was a native of Nanaimo, aged 27 years, and prior to his enlisting in the army a short time ago was engaged as engineer at the Giant Powder Company's plant at Nanaimo Bay. Besides his parents he is survived by six sisters, Mrs. Garfield Weeks, Mrs. C. Bowley, Vera, Lily, Sarah and Jean, and one brother, J. B. Brown.

The funeral took place this afternoon from the family residence, Rev. M. Balderstone officiating.

NANAIMO NOTES

Mr. Reuben Kaplansky returned yesterday from Vancouver, where he was spending a few days on business.

Mr. F. A. Hanna, manager of the local branch of the Royal Bank, returned home yesterday from a two weeks' trip to points on the Mainland.

All meetings of the Great War Veterans' Association have been cancelled until further notice.

Among the passengers from Vancouver last evening on the Princess Patricia were Mr. John McLean, Mr. J. Fraser, Mr. E. M. Yarrow, Mr. George B. Hougham and Mrs. Ida Clark.

Lieut. O. R. Blandy, of Alberni, is reported wounded in action.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Cookling returned to Vancouver yesterday after visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Bindon, of Victoria Road.

Mr. Ray Baker thanks all the mechanics of the Canadian Western Fuel Company for the donation of a wrist watch before leaving for overseas with the Canadian Engineers.

Miss A. Scott has been appointed matron of the West Coast Hospital at Port Alberni.

PARKSVILLE INSTITUTE HOLDS ENTERTAINMENT

PARKSVILLE, Oct. 24.—An entertainment in the form of a military whist drive was held under the auspices of the Parksville Women's Institute on October 23 in aid of the Navy League of Canada. The evening was spent in the Island Hall, Parksville, which was loaned for the occasion by Miss Philpott. A large number of guests assembled to play cards and to witness a splendid performance given by the "Qualicum Frolics" which took place after the prizes had been presented to the various winners. War time refreshments were then served, being ably arranged by the refreshment committee. A show dance ended the very pleasant evening. The receipts from the entertainment amounted to \$50 clear of expenses.

NANAIMO SETS SUM AT HALF A MILLION

NANAIMO, Oct. 24.—The announcement from Toronto that the Victory Loan will proceed according to schedule in spite of the influenza epidemic, only added zest and enthusiasm to the plans of the local officials and crystallized their determination that nothing, not even germs, shall in any way slow up the attack.

The Nanaimo Publicity Committee met Tuesday evening and completed arrangements for the campaign that will impress upon every citizen of Nanaimo and district the importance of subscribing to Canada's Second Victory Loan. High school boys will take a prominent part in the work and today visited the business houses of the city with posters. The committee has also in view the pulling off of several novel stunts during the course of the drive, which will commence in real earnest on Monday morning next and continue for three weeks.

"Half a Million for Nanaimo" is the local slogan, and the committee is going out to get the money.

LADYSMITH RESIDENT MISSING SINCE MONDAY

LADYSMITH, Oct. 24.—On Monday afternoon Carl Gylling, a miner living on Fourth Avenue, Ladysmith, left home and has not been heard of since. According to information supplied by his wife, Gylling had spent a short time in the yard cutting wood, and, returning to the house, told his wife he would take a walk to the bridge over First Creek. He was dressed in his working clothes, without coat or vest. Since that time nothing has been heard of the missing man and the police are now making investigations. Gylling was married several months ago and has resided on Fourth Avenue near the public school. No reason can be given for his disappearance. His good suit of clothes, together with his watch and money, were left behind. The young wife is very much upset over the mystery.

Another Victim of "Flu"
NANAIMO, Oct. 24.—Another death from influenza occurred in the hospital here this morning. Albert Charles Hurrell, aged 34, a resident of Wellington, succumbing to the disease. Deceased had been employed at the Harewood mine of the Canadian Western Fuel Company. He leaves his mother and several brothers and sisters.

Grippe in Ladysmith
LADYSMITH, Oct. 24.—Ladysmith has only a few cases of Spanish influenza, and these are of a mild type.

ONLY FEW CASES OF "FLU" ARE REPORTED

Five Deaths in Nanaimo and District Since Outbreak of Epidemic—Not at High Water Mark Yet.

NANAIMO, Oct. 24.—The epidemic of Spanish influenza continues to cause additional victims in Nanaimo and district, but on the whole the situation is satisfactory in that the death rate is being kept to an exceedingly low level, the total mortality since the outbreak began being but five, and this includes the entire district from Ladysmith north to Parksville.

Locally it is not believed the epidemic has yet reached its high water mark, as the number of victims has somewhat increased, but it is satisfactory to note that with few exceptions the cases are all of a mild type and few fatalities are anticipated.

The Nanaimo General Hospital is meeting all demands made upon it and in order to cope with any sudden increase in the number of cases the City Health Board is rushing work on the temporary hospital in the old Athletic Club to speedy completion.

COAL MINERS RECEIVE AN INCREASE IN PAY

Seventy-Five Cents a Day Added to Wages With Periodic Arrangements of Scale as Living Cost Increases.

NANAIMO, Oct. 24.—As the direct outcome of a conference which was held here today between Mr. J. Bulger, representing the fair wage officer, for the Dominion, representatives of coal operators and miners and Mr. R. F. Green, M.P., Mr. J. C. McIntosh, M.P., and Mr. Nicol Thompson, representing the Fuel Commission, an increase of pay to the extent of 75 cents per day was decided upon for the miners of the island. In addition it was decided that a commission consisting of the Dominion fair wage officer and representatives of the men and the companies should meet in January next, and, if necessary, take evidence to establish the basis upon which should there be any change in the cost of living, the scale should be further altered to meet such change.

Committees of miners from Extension, Cumberland and Nanaimo were present, while the operators were represented by Mr. Hunt, of the Western Canadian Coal Company; Mr. Thomas Graham and Mr. Grant, of the Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir) Limited.

This discussion occurred on the point of whether the increase should be made retroactive to August 8, when the men presented their demands. It was agreed to date the increase from November 1 next.

The Commission appointed will meet in January next, and, if necessary, take evidence to establish the basis upon which should there be any change in the cost of living, the scale should be further altered to meet such change.

Incidentally the granting of the increase to the miners will mean an other advance in the price of coal. Fuel Controller Thompson will probably authorize another fifty cents per ton increase as from November 1 to meet the increase in wages to be paid to the miners.

DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED

NANAIMO, Oct. 24.—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Joyner have been officially informed from Ottawa that their son, Pte. Henry Arthur Joyner, was admitted to No. 3 General Hospital, Boulogne, on October 13, dangerously wounded in the right leg.

KING ALBERT SEES HEAVY TASK AHEAD

PARIS, Oct. 24.—The success achieved by the Allies in the recent fighting has been very great, and will be pushed home to a complete victory, King Albert, of Belgium, declared to a correspondent of a Paris newspaper. "But," he added, "we must not forget that the legs of our soldiers cannot move as quickly as our hearts. Certainly never for an hour do I cease to think of the day when I shall be able to enter Brussels and again hoist the Belgian flag there. But we are still 40 to 50 miles away from it and there is the Scheldt River to be crossed."

"The victories of our soldiers prove today how right we were not to despair. They are the reward of a faith which never weakened. You have seen during these past few days our people free. You have mingled with them and you know they also kept their courage unbroken."

King Albert spoke of the giant German gun which bombarded Dunkirk from Leuvenhoek, and which was captured intact. The King has in his possession splinters of the last shell fired at Dunkirk.

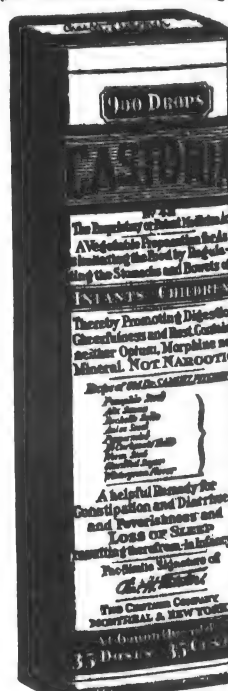
Playing Poker No Crime
NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—In discharging tonight 33 men arrested in a "pool room" charged with disorderly conduct and violating the anti-lodging law, Magistrate Joseph Corigan declared that they had committed no crime either in loading, playing poker or betting on the races.

"It is not a crime to bet on the races," said the magistrate. "Anybody can bet as much as they want to without committing a crime, and can bet on the races. There are a number of things that a man can still do without committing a crime. They are all discharged."

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

THIS is the caution applied to the public announcement of Castoria that has been manufactured under the supervision of Chas. H. Fletcher for over 30 years—the genuine Castoria. We respectfully call the attention of fathers and mothers when purchasing Castoria to see that the wrapper bears his signature in black. When the wrapper is removed the same signature appears on both sides of the bottle in red. Parents who have used Castoria for their little ones in the past years need no warning against counterfeits and imitations, but our present duty is to call the attention of the younger generation to the great danger of introducing into their families spurious medicines.

It is to be regretted that there are people who are now engaged in the nefarious business of putting up and selling all sorts of substitutes, or what should more properly be termed counterfeits, for medicinal preparations not only for adults, but worse yet, for children's medicines. It therefore devolves on the mother to scrutinize closely what she gives her child. Adults can do that for themselves but the child has to rely on the mother's watchfulness.



Letters from Prominent Druggists addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Central Drug Co., of Detroit, Mich., says: "We consider your Castoria to be a class distinct from patent medicines and compound it."

Christy Drug Store, of Pittsburgh, Pa., says: "We have sold your Castoria for so many years with such satisfactory results that we cannot refrain from saying a good word for it when we get a chance."

Jacob Bros., of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "We take pleasure in recommending Fletcher's Castoria as one of the oldest and best of the preparations of the kind upon the market."

Hess & McCann, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria always gives satisfaction. We have no substitute for it and only sell 'The Kind You Have Always Bought,' the original."

The Vogel Bros., of Minneapolis, Minn., say: "We wish to say that we have at all times a large demand for Fletcher's Castoria at all of our three stores and that it gives universal satisfaction to our trade."

Falk Miller Drug Co., of Richmond, Va., says: "Your Castoria is one of the most satisfactory preparations we have ever handled. It seems to satisfy completely the public demand for such an article and is steadily creating a growing sale by its merit."

F. A. Caplan, of New Orleans, La., says: "We handle every good home remedy demanded by the public and while our shelves are thoroughly equipped with the best of drugs and proprietary articles, there are few if any which have the unobscured sale that your Castoria has."

M. C. Dow, of Cincinnati, Ohio, says: "When people in increasing numbers purchase a remedy and continue buying it for years; when it passes the test of experimental stage and becomes a household necessity, then it can be said its worth has been firmly established. We can and do gladly offer this kind of commendation to Fletcher's Castoria."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MORE TOWNS BROUGHT UNDER CLOSING ORDER

Chilliwack and New Denver
Medical Authorities Ask for
Enforcing of Closing Regulations—Epidemic Spreading.

Chilliwack and New Denver are the two latest municipalities to have the closing regulations applied to them under order-in-council, in the effort to minimize the Spanish influenza epidemic which is spreading through interior points. Requests from the authorities of those points to the Provincial health authorities for power to prohibit public meetings, close theatres, etc., were received yesterday morning and the Executive Council approved of the passing of the requisite orders in connection therewith. About 100 cases are reported at Chilliwack.

Reports reaching the department yesterday indicate that the epidemic appears to be reaching the crest and that from now on there should be a

subsidence in its ravages, though the necessity for strict regulations and every effort to fight the disease must be continued for some time.

Reports come in from outlying points, especially from camps and centres where large numbers of men are working, showing that the epidemic is penetrating to every part of the Province. Yesterday Powell River reported about 100 cases, but active steps are being taken there to combat the epidemic. The company's hospital is attending to cases, and apparently the medical officers there have the disease fairly well in hand.

Significant of the lack of adequate medical help is the fact that one point, the location of which is not known to the Provincial health authorities, is advertising in the Vancouver papers for a doctor and offering a remuneration of \$1,000 per month for two months.

Precautionary measures have been taken at the Legislative Buildings during the past few days to ward off the "flu" from the civil servants. Besides a general disinfection of the offices in the buildings, the flat has gone forth that all telephones must be adorned with disinfected paucers over the mouthpieces. By these steps it is hoped that the ubiquitous germ may be backed into its corner and kept at a safe distance in the legislative precincts.

Confused
General Leonard Wood said at a luncheon:

"There are so many rewards for bravery and devotion on the other side that a poor soldier gets confused among them."

"There's the V. C., or Victoria Cross; the M. M., or Medaille Militaire; the D. S. O., or Distinguished Service Order; the C. G., or Croix de Guerre, and so on almost indefinitely."

"A doughboy had a grudge against his captain, who was a bit of a martinet. Well, in the Y. M. C. A. one night a waitress said to the doughboy:

"Did you know they've given you old captain the G. C.?"

The doughboy laughed aloud. "Herves him darn well right," he said. "How many days?" — Exchange.

Death of Julian L'Estrange
NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Julian L'Estrange, widely known as a player of leading roles on the English and American stages, and until recently a member of the Royal Canadian Flying Corps, died yesterday after a brief illness which began with an attack of influenza early last week and developed into pneumonia.

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LUMBER, windows, doors, interior etc. City or country orders. Central station. E. W. Whitinger, Inc. Co., Ltd., Bridge and Millside.

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ECONOMY Wet Wash Laundry—
in Prices—Owing to the increase
of materials and labor, we will be
pelled, on and after August 15, 1946,
charge \$1.00 per bag up to 25
4 cents per pound over that amount.
1442 West Street Phone 3323. We'll

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repairs and alterations. M

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Practical gunsmiths. Phone

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SHAW & CO., the Lancashire
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Roofs for the "Duchess"

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Yarrows have been awarded the contract of making the Princess Adelaide shipshape again. The work will take about two months and will cost a big sum.

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

Store Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Wednesday, 1 p.m. Saturday, 9:30 p.m.

A Day of Exceptional Value-Giving Planned for Today

Misses' and Small Women's Coats Priced for Today at \$19.75 and \$22.75



—A limited assortment of good, serviceable Coats, mostly in the smaller sizes for misses and small women, which we clear out today at the above prices.

—The Coats suitable for misses are of soft, finished Irish Duffel Cloth, in shades grey and brown. The styles are smart and practical, just what a Winter Coat should be. Finished with big sailor collar; Raglan and set-in sleeves, belt, cuffs and big patch pockets. Similar models in larger sizes, up to 44. Also a nice lot of Mixed Tweeds—all in good, serviceable shades.

—Better shop early to make sure of one at

\$19.75 and \$22.75

—Mantles, First Floor

A Splendid Lot of Men's \$8.00 and \$9.00 Fall Boots Selling Today at \$6.85 a Pair



—Well made Footwear from reliable quality leathers, with either Neolin or leather soles. Footwear we recommend and back by our personal guarantee. Represented are:

—Fine Calfskin Welter Boots in black and dark brown; Blucher and Balmoral styles; leather or Neolin soles.
—Leather-lined waterproof Bluchers.
—Cushion Sole Vici Kid Boots.

—Kid Boots, leather lined, and many other styles and leathers—all appropriate for present and Winter wear.
—Buy your Winter Boots now and save.

Better Grade Boots for Boys. All Sizes to 5½. A Pair, \$2.95

—Box Calf and Gunmetal Bluchers, with solid leather sewn soles; on neat lasts. Suitable for best wear.

—Men's Boots, Main Floor

Three Dozen Print House Dresses Clearing Today at \$1.50

—House Dresses to sell at \$1.50 will soon be a thing of the past. Manufacturers say they cannot make them at the price, with the present high cost of prints, other cotton fabrics, materials and labor.

—We have a small stock—about three dozen models in sizes 34 to 38—which we are clearing Today at this low figure. You will prove it worth while securing one or two, if your size is here.

These Dresses are made in the more fitted styles and in a good range of striped designs. Bargain value at \$1.50.

—Mantles, First Floor

Silk Camisoles

Some With Sleeves. Values to \$2.00.
Today, \$1.50

A good assortment of very dainty Camisoles in this offering. They represent exceptionally good values. None of them could be purchased today, even to sell at \$2.00 each. Made from a fine quality Jap silk in white and flesh shade, with yokes of lace and trimmings of lace and ribbons. With and without sleeves. Today, special, \$1.50.

—Whitewear, First Floor

1,000 Yards Silk Poplins in Nine Different Shades Priced for Quick Selling Today at 85c a Yard

—The lowest price at which a reliable silk poplin has been offered at by this or any other store for some considerable time past. The popularity of this particular kind of Silk for Women's Blouses, separate Skirts, Dresses and Wraps will assure for this offering a very quick sale. We would therefore suggest that you shop early and make sure of the number of yards you require in the favorite shade you have set your mind on.

This silk is of good quality, with a fine soft durable finish. The shades are: Myrtle green, Burgundy, nut brown, seal brown, mole grey, Copenhagen, taupe, navy and black. 36 inches wide. Today, a yard, 85c.

—Silks, Main Floor

Extra Good Values in Men's Pajama Suits

Here's a very special line of Men's White Flannelette Pajama Suits. A good medium weight and a nice soft finish. Trimmed with silk frogs, pearl buttons and pocket; all sizes. Extra good value at \$2.25.

Heavy Striped Flannelette Pajamas, "Good Night" brand. Finished with pocket, frog trimmings and pearl buttons; all sizes. This is a good Pajama Suit for sending to the boys overseas. Extra good value, a suit, \$3.50.

—Men's Furnishings, Main Floor

Men's Winter Underwear Special Today at \$1.25 a Garment

—Penman's heavy ribbed wool mixture Shirts and Drawers, in sizes 36 to 42. A few dozen garments only to clear at this price.

—Men's Underwear, Main Floor



A Clean-Up of Women's Serviceable Boots at \$4.85 a Pair

Worth Regularly \$6.00 to \$7.00

—All thoroughly dependable for wear and satisfaction. Boots in fashionable styles and good weights for Fall and Winter wear. A chance to get fitted up for the Winter with good footwear at lowest cost. Big assortment of styles and leathers to choose from, including fine kid and gunmetal, lace and button styles with high or low heels. Buy today and save.

Values \$6.00 to \$7.00 for \$4.85.

—Women's Shoes, First Floor

Special Line of All-Wool Sweaters for Girls \$5.00

Regular Price \$6.50

About one dozen of these Sweaters, so you will have to hurry if you want to secure one. They are made in a full length style finished with turned-down collar; of all wool in shade golden brown only. Sizes 8 and 10 years. Splendid for cold weather or school wear. Reg. price, \$6.50. Special Today at \$5.00. A few Caps to match. Each, \$1.25.

—Children's, First Floor

Boys' Black Cotton Hose

3 Pairs for \$1.00

—Strong, durable, and well recommended.

—Hose, Main Floor

Two Good Offerings in Underskirts

Black Sateen Underskirt at \$1.25—Well made and finished from a nice quality black sateen, with accordion pleated frill, limited quantity only.

Moire Silk Underskirt at \$1.50—A durable quality moire, in saxe blue shade and black. Lengths 36, 38 and 40; limited quantity only.

—Mantles, First Floor

Infant's Woolen Garments A Few Specials

Woolen Gaiters in cream shade. A pair, 75c.

Stockinette Gaiters with pearl buttons. A pair, 75c. Pull-Over Gaiters of white stockinette. Elastic at waist, neatly finished with pearl buttons. A pair, \$1.75.

Pull-Over Drawers, of all-wool; fancy hand-knit. Special, a pair, \$1.75.

Pull-Over Diaper Drawers, hand-made from all wool. Special, a pair, \$1.50.

Infants' Hand-Knit Wove Woolen Suits, Drawers and Sweaters to match. A suit, \$4.75.

Pull-Over Sweaters of all wool; hand-knit; collars and cuffs of Angora wool. Each, \$3.90.

—Infants, First Floor

Big Values in Ladies' Collars Today at 50c

—A splendid lot of Collars, all made beautifully from dainty materials and in most attractive shapes. There's the new roll, sailor and rever shapes of fine organdie, satin and muslin—plain and trimmed with dainty laces.

Also an assortment of Colored Organdie Collars in various shapes. Special Today at 50c each.

—Neckwear, Main Floor

Tailored Waists of Pure Irish Linen, \$2.50

—A quality Waist that will be hard to repeat on, now that pure Irish linens cannot be made for domestic purposes.

These Waists are made in a smart tailored style—such as can be worn more than one season. The fronts are trimmed with broad tucks, full length sleeves finished with button cuffs. Good value at \$2.50.

—Waists, First Floor

A Clearing Lot of \$1.75 Waists Today at \$1.00

—Just a small lot of some three dozen models we are clearing out at a bargain price. They are attractive models, well made from white voiles, finished with tucked fronts and collars and sailor knots or ties of checked or novelty materials in various shades. Smart and serviceable and cheaper than you can make them up for.

Bargain value today at \$1.00.

—Waists, First Floor

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With a Guaranteed 5½ Per Cent Interest

—It's the safest investment, too, for the whole of the resources of the country are behind it.

—It's a straight-forward, business-paying proposition—besides being a patriotic duty.

—Plan to invest ALL you can.

We Are Showing, by Permission of the Health Authorities Countess of Kingston's "Shamrock Fund War Exhibit"

In Our Display Windows on View Street

—You will be interested in the many wonderful and unique pieces of which this exhibit consists. Also the beautiful war pictures, officially taken on the different battlefronts.

—Those who would like to meet Lady Kingston and learn something of the important work of the "Shamrock Fund" for disabled Irish soldiers and sailors are invited to do so today and Saturday, when Her Ladyship will be at this store, on the main floor near the Broad Street elevator. She has with her a number of dainty Shamrock brooches and coat studs—souvenirs you may be interested in securing.

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